CUS TOMER CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS Proprietary CUS TOMER CONTRACT P7911

CUSTOMER CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

The following customer contract requirements apply to this contract to the extent indicated below. If this contract is for the procurement of commercial items under a Government prime contract, as defined in FAR Part 2.101, see Section 3 below.

1. FAR Clauses The following contract clauses are incorporated by reference from the Federal Acquisition Regulation and apply to the extent indicated. In all of the following clauses, "Contractor" and "Offeror" mean Seller.

52.203-6 Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (JUL 1995). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds (i) \$100,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP or customer contract issued before October 1, 2010 or (ii) \$150,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP issued on or after October 1, 2010, or if the prime contract was issued prior to October 1, 2010 but was amended after October 1, 2010 to increase the Simplified Acquisition Threshold

52.203-7 Anti-Kickback Procedures (JUL 1995). Buyer may withhold from sums owed Seller the amount of any kickback paid by Seller or its subcontractors at any tier if (a) the Contracting Officer so directs, or (b) the Contracting Officer has offset the amount of such kickback against money owed Buyer under the prime contract. This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$100,000.

52.203-8 Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or Improper Activity (JAN 1997). This clause applies to this contract if the Seller, its employees, officers, directors or agents participated personally and substantially in any part of the preparation of a proposal for this contract. The Seller shall indemnify Buyer for any and all losses suffered by the Buyer due to violations of the Act (as set forth in this clause) by Seller or its subcontractors at any tier.

52.203-10 Price or Fee Adjustment for Illegal or Improper Activity (JAN 1997). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds (i) \$100,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP or customer contract issued before October 1, 2010 or (ii) \$150,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP issued on or after October 1, 2010, or if the prime contract was issued prior to October 1, 2010 but was amended after October 1, 2010 to increase the Simplified Acquisition Threshold. If the Government reduces Buyer's price or fee for violations of the Act by Seller or its subcontractors at any tier, Buyer may withhold from sums owed Seller the amount of the reduction.

52.203-12 Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions (JUN 1997). This clause applies only if this Contract exceeds \$100,000. Paragraph (c) (4) is modified to read as follows: "(c) (4) Seller will promptly submit any disclosure required (with written notice to Boeing) directly to the PCO for the prime contract. Boeing will identify the cognizant Government PCO at Seller's request. Each subcontractor certification will be retained in the subcontract file of the awarding contractor.

52.209-6 Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment (JUL 1995). Seller agrees it is not debarred, suspended or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government. Seller shall disclose to Buyer in writing, whether as of the time of award of this contract, Seller or its principals is or is not debarred, suspended or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government.

52.211-5 Material Requirements (AUG 2000). Any notice will be given to Buyer rather than the Contracting Officer.

52.211-15 Defense Priority and Allocation Requirements (SEP 1990). This clause is applicable if a priority rating is noted in this contract.

52.215-2 Audit and Records - Negotiation (JUN 1999). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$100,000 and (i) is cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price-redeterminable type or any combination of these types: (ii) Seller was required to provide cost or pricing data, or (iii) Seller is required to furnish reports as discussed in paragraph (e) of the referenced clause.

52.215-11 Price Reduction for Defective Cost or Pricing Data -- Modifications (OCT 1997). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds the threshold set forth in FAR 15.403-4 and is not otherwise exempt. "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer." In subparagraph (d) (2) (i) (A), delete "to the Contracting Officer." In subparagraph (d) (2) (ii) (B), "Government" means "Government" or "Buyer." In Paragraph (e), "United States" shall mean "United States or Buyer."

52.215-12 Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data (OCT 1997). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds the threshold set forth in FAR 15.403-4 and is not otherwise exempt. The certificate required by paragraph (b) of the referenced clause shall be modified as follows: delete "to the Contracting Officer or the Contracting Officer's representative" and substitute in lieu thereof "to The Boeing Company or The Boeing Company's representative (including data submitted, when applicable, to an authorized representative of the U.S. Government)."

52.215-13 Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data -- Modifications (OCT 1997). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds the threshold set forth in FAR 15.403-4 and is not otherwise exempt. The certificate required by paragraph (c) of the referenced clause shall be modified as follows: delete "to the Contracting Officer or the Contracting Officer's representative" and substitute in lieu thereof "to The Boeing Company or The Boeing Company's representative (including data submitted, when applicable, to an authorized representative of the U.S. Government)."

52.215-14 Integrity of Unit Prices (OCT 1997). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds (i) \$100,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP or customer contract issued before October 1, 2010 or (ii) \$150,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP issued on or after October 1, 2010, or if the prime contract was issued prior to October 1, 2010 but was amended after October 1, 2010 to increase the Simplified Acquisition Threshold. This clause does not apply to construction or architect-engineer services under FAR Part 36; utility services under FAR Part 41; services where supplies are not required; commercial items; and petroleum products.

52.215-15 Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions (DEC 1998). This clause applies to this contract if it meets the requirements of FAR 15.408(g).

52.215-18 Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions (PRB) (OCT 1997). This clause applies to this contract if it meets the requirements of FAR 15.408(j).

52.215-19 Notification of Ownership Changes (OCT 1997). This clause applies to this contract if it meets the requirements of FAR 15.408(k).

52.215-21 Requirement for Cost or Pricing Data or Information Other Than Cost and Pricing Data - Modifications (OCT 1997). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds the threshold set forth in FAR 15.403-4. The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer.

52.222-1 Notice to the Government of Labor Disputes (FEB 1997). Contracting Officer shall mean Buyer.

52.222-21 Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (FEB 1999).

52.222-26 Equal Opportunity (subparagraphs (b) (1) through (b) (11)) (FEB 1999).

52.222-35 Equal Opportunity for Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans (DEC 2001). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$25,000.

52.222-36 Affirmative Action For Workers With Disabilities (JUN 1998). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$

10,000.

52.222-37 Employment Reports on Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans (DEC 2001). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$25,000.

52.222-50 Combating Trafficking in Persons (FEB 2009). In paragraph (d), the term "Contracting Officer" means Buyer, and in paragraph (e), the term "the Government" means Buyer.

52.223-3 Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data (JAN 1997). This clause applies only if Seller delivers hazardous material under this contract.

52.223-11 Ozone Depleting Substances (MAY 2001).

52.223-13 Certification of Toxic Chemical Release Reporting (AUG 2003). Except for commercial items as defined in FAR Part 2, this clause applies to competitive procurements expected to exceed \$100,000 (including all options). If Seller is not subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements, Seller shall inform Buyer which exemption or exemptions in subparagraph (b)(2) of this clause apply.

52.223-14 Toxic Chemical Release Reporting (AUG 2003). This clause applies only if this contract is not for commercial items as defined in FAR Part 2, was competitively awarded, and exceeds \$100,000 (including all options).

52.223-18 Encouraging Contractor Policies To Ban Text Messaging While Driving (AUG 2011).

52.225-3 Buy American Act-North American Free Trade Agreement-Israeli Trade Act-Balance of Payments Program (FEB 2000).

52.225-8 Duty-Free Entry (FEB 2000). This clause applies only if this contract identifies supplies to be afforded duty-free entry or if foreign supplies in excess of \$10,000 may be imported into the customs territory of the United States. For the purposes of this clause, the blanks in paragraph (g)(3) are completed as follows: UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE, Duty-free entry is claimed pursuant Section XXII, Chapter 98, Subchapter VIII, Item No. 9808.00.30 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States. Upon arrival of shipment at port of entry, the importer or authorized agent will notify Commander, Defense Contract Management Area Operations (DCMAO, New York, 201 Varick Street, New York, New York, 10014-4811, Attention DCRN-NCT) for execution of Customs Forms 7501, 7501-A, or 7506 and required duty free entry certificates.

52.225-13 Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (JUL 2000).

52.227-1 Authorization and Consent (JUL 1995).

52.227-2 Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement (AUG 1996). A copy of each notice sent to the Government will be sent to Buyer. "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Buyer". This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$100,000.

52.227-10 Filing of Patent Applications - Classified Subject Matter (APR 1984). This clause applies only if this contract will involve access to classified information.

52.227-12 Patent Rights-Retention by the Contractor (Long Form) (JAN 1997). This clause only applies if this Contract is for experimental, developmental, or research work and Seller is other than a small business firm or nonprofit organization.

52.227-19 Commercial Computer Software - Restricted Rights (DEC 2007).

52.230-6 Administration of Cost Accounting Standards (NOV 1999). Add "Buyer and the" before "Contracting Officer" in paragraph (f). This clause applies if clause H001, H002, or H004 is included in this contract.

52.237-2 Protection of Government Buildings, Equipment, and Vegetation (APR 1984). This clause applies only if work will be performed on a Government installation. "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer.

52.244-5 Competition in Subcontracting (DEC 1996).

52.244-6 Subcontracts for Commercial Items (DEC 2001).

52.245-1 Government Property (AUG 2010). This clause applies only if Government property is acquired or furnished for contract performance. "Government" shall mean Government throughout except the first time it appears in paragraph (g) (1) when "Government" shall mean the Government or the Buyer. Paragraph (h) (1) is deleted and replaced by the following: Seller assumes the risk of, and shall be responsible for, any loss, damage, destruction, or theft of Government property upon its delivery to Seller as Government-furnished property. However, Seller is not responsible for reasonable wear and tear to Government Property or for Government property properly consumed in performing this contract. If the contract incorporates Boeing General Provision GP4, the Government-Owned Property article in GP4 is hereby deleted.

52.245-1 Property Records Alternate I (AUG 2010). This clause applies only if Government property is acquired or furnished for contract performance. The Government-Owned Property article in GP4 is hereby deleted.

52.247-63 Preference for U.S.-Flag Air Carriers (JAN 1997). This clause applies only if this contract involves international air transportation.

52.253-1 Computer Generated Forms (JAN 1991).

2. Commercial Items. If goods or services being procured under this contract are commercial items and Clause H203 is set forth in the purchase order, the foregoing Government clauses in Sections 1 above are deleted and the following FAR/DFARS clauses are inserted in lieu thereof:

52.209-6 Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment (JUL 1995). Seller agrees it is not debarred, suspended or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government. Seller shall disclose to Buyer in writing, whether as of the time of award of this contract, Seller or its principals is or is not debarred, suspended or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government.

52.219-8 Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2000).

52.222-26 Equal Opportunity (subparagraphs (b) (1) through (b) (11)) (FEB 1999).

52.222-35 Equal Opportunity for Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans (DEC 2001). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$25,000.

52.222-36 Affirmative Action For Workers With Disabilities (JUN 1998). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$ 10,000.

52.222-50 Combating Trafficking in Persons (FEB 2009). In paragraph (d), the term "Contracting Officer" means Buyer, and in paragraph (e), the term "the Government" means Buyer.

52.223-18 Encouraging Contractor Policies To Ban Text Messaging While Driving (AUG 2011).

52.244-6 Subcontracts for Commercial Items (DEC 2001).

3. Prime Contract Special Provisions. The following prime contract special provisions apply to this purchase order

P7911 Full Text Clauses.

As used below, "U.S. Government" and "Contracting Officer" shall mean U.S. Government and/or Buyer. "Contractor" or "Offeror" or "Offerors" shall mean Seller. "Government's work site" shall mean U.S. Government's work site and/or Buyer's work site.

Cl.203-001 U. S. Government Inspector General and the U. S. Government Hotline (AUG 2004):

(a) The contractor must report to the U. S. Government Inspector General (IG) any and all possible violations of federal law or illegal intelligence activities related to this contract by individuals charging directly or indirectly to this contract.

(b) The IG shall have access to any individual charging directly or indirectly to this contract whose testimony is needed for the performance of the IG's duties. In addition, the IG shall have direct access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, recommendations, documents, e-mails, papers, or other material that relate to this contract with respect to which the IG has responsibilities. Failure on the part of any contractor to cooperate with the IG shall be grounds for administrative action by the Director, Office of Contracts, including contractual remedies.

(c) U. S. Government contractors and contractor personnel may report suspected instances of improper conduct through the U. S. Government IG Hotline at 703-808-10IG (1644). Contractors shall make their employees aware of this Hotline.

(d) The contractor agrees to include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold except those for commercial items or components, and those where the U. S. Government association must be protected.

Cl.203-002 Prohibition on Persons Convicted of Fraud or Other Defense-Contract-Related Felonies (MAY 2003):

- (a) The provisions of 10 U.S.C. 2408 apply to this contract.
- (b) In addition to the criminal penalties contained in 10 U.S.C. 2408, the Government may consider other available remedies, such as:
- (1) Suspension or debarment;
- (2) Cancellation of the contract at no cost to the Government; or
- (3) Termination of the contract for default.

(c) The contractor may submit written requests to the Contracting Officer for waiver of 10 U.S.C. 2408 prohibitions. Requests shall clearly identify--

- (1) The person involved;
- (2) The nature of the conviction and resultant sentence or punishment imposed;
- (3) The reasons for the requested waiver; and
- (4) An explanation of why a waiver is in the interest of national security.

(d) The contractor agrees to include the substance of this clause, appropriately modified to reflect the identity and relationship of the parties, in all first-tier subcontracts exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold in Part 2 of the FAR, except those for commercial items or components.

(e) Pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2408(c), defense contractors and subcontractors may obtain information as to whether a particular person has been convicted of fraud or any other felony arising out of a contract with the DoD by contacting the Office of Justice Programs, Denial of Benefits Office, U.S. Department of Justice, telephone (202) 616-3507.

Cl.203-003 Personal Conduct (MAY 2003):

(a) The Contractor, its employees, and its subcontractors shall comply with the conduct requirements in effect at the Government's work site. The Contracting Officer reserves the right to exclude or remove from the work site any employee of the contractor or of a

subcontractor whom the Government deems careless, uncooperative, or whose continued employment on the work site is deemed by the Government to be contrary to the public interest.

(b) The Contractor shall inform its employees that the U. S. Government has a zero tolerance policy for harassing behavior. Any Contractor or subcontractor employee determined by the Government to have engaged in harassing behavior shall be immediately escorted from the premises and denied further access to the worksite. The Contractor shall emphasize this requirement to its employees.

(c) Exclusion from the worksite under the circumstances described in this clause shall not relieve the Contractor from full performance of the contract, nor will it provide the basis for an excusable delay or any claims against the Government.

Cl.204-008 Notice of Litigation (AUG 2010)

(a) With respect to litigation to which the contractor is a party relating to this contract:

(1) The contractor shall, within five business days, notify the Contracting Officer of any litigation filed by a third party (including individuals, organizations, and federal, state, or local governmental entities) or subpoena involving or in any way relating to this contract and/or related subcontracts. Said notice shall include a copy of all documents filed with the court in connection with the litigation or subpoena to the extent such documents are not covered by a court-ordered seal or protective order.

(2) The Contracting Officer shall have the right to examine any pertinent documents filed with the court during the conduct of the litigation, and any documents and records provided to the third party in response to the subpoena.(b) The contractor correct to insert this clouds in any subcontract under this contract.

(b) The contractor agrees to insert this clause in any subcontract under this contract.

Cl.204-009 Release of Contract Information (JAN 2010)

(a) The contractor shall not use or allow to be used any aspect of this contract for publicity, advertisement, or any other public relations purpose. Public announcement of the award or modification of this contract is expressly prohibited. This obligation will not expire upon completion or termination of this contract, but shall continue until rescinded by the U.S. Government.
(b) The contractor must obtain the written approval of the Contracting Officer before releasing any information related to this contract. This requirement extends to papers, articles, and presentations based on or referencing the work performed under this contract.
(c) The contractor may provide past performance information regarding this contract to the U.S. Government, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Geo-Spatial Intelligence Agency, and the National Security Agency to support source selections at those agencies without Contracting Officer approval. The contractor is responsible for the proper classification and handling of such information, and shall provide a copy of the information provided to the U.S. Government Contract shall be provided to any other Government, commercial, or private organization or individual without the express written approval of the Contracting Officer.

(d) The contractor agrees to insert this clause in any subcontract under this contract.

<u>Cl.209-001 Acquisition From Subcontractors Subject To On-Site Inspection Under The Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces</u> (INF) Treaty (MAR 1996):

(a) The contractor shall not deny consideration for a subcontract award under this contract to a potential subcontractor subject to onsite inspection under the INF Treaty, or a similar treaty, solely or in part because of the actual or potential presence of Soviet inspectors at the subcontractor's facility, unless the decision is approved by the Contracting Officer.

(b) The contractor shall incorporate this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all solicitations and subcontracts over the dollar limitation in Section 13.000 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, except those for commercial or commercial-type products.

Cl.209-002 Disclosure of Ownership or Control by a Foreign Government (FEB 2011)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) *Effectively owned or controlled* means that a foreign government or any entity controlled by a foreign government has the power, either directly or indirectly, whether exercised or exercisable, to control the election, appointment, or tenure of the offeror's officers or a majority of the offeror's board of directors by any means, e.g., ownership, contract, or operation of law (or equivalent power for unincorporated organizations).

(2) *Entity controlled by a foreign government* means any domestic or foreign organization or corporation that is effectively owned or controlled by a foreign government, or any individual acting on behalf of a foreign government. It does not include an organization or corporation that is owned, but is not controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a foreign government if the ownership of that organization or corporation by that foreign government was effective before 23 October 1992.

(3) *Foreign government* includes the state and the government of any country (other than the United States and its outlying areas) as well as any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof.

(4) Proscribed information means:

Top Secret information;

Communications Security (COM SEC) material, excluding controlled cryptographic items when unkeyed or utilized with unclassified keys;

Restricted Data as defined in the U.S. Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended;

Special Access Program (SAP) information; or

(v) Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI).

(b) Prohibition on Award. No contract under a national security program may be awarded to an entity controlled by a foreign government if that entity requires access to proscribed information to perform the contract, unless the Director, U. S. Government or a designee has waived application of 10 U.S.C. §2536(a).

(c) Disclosure. The offeror shall disclose any interest a foreign government has in the offeror when that interest constitutes control by a foreign government as defined in this provision. If the offeror is a subsidiary, it shall also disclose any reportable interest a foreign government has in any entity that owns or controls the subsidiary, including reportable interest concerning the offeror's immediate parent, intermediate parents, and the ultimate parent. The offeror shall disclose reportable foreign government interests by submitting a current SF 328, *Certificate Pertaining to Foreign Interests*, with their proposal. The SF 328 must include the following information: (1) Offeror's point of contact for questions about disclosure (name and phone number with country code, city code, and area code, as applicable);

(2) Name and address of offeror;

(3) Name and address of entity controlled by a foreign government; and

(4) Description of interest, ownership percentage, and identification of foreign government.

(d) If during contract performance the foreign government ownership or control status of the contractor changes, the contractor shall submit an updated SF 328 to the Contracting Officer within one week of the change.

(e) Flow-down. The offeror agrees to include the requirements of this clause in all subcontract solicitations that involve potential access to proscribed information under this solicitation and any resulting contract.

Cl.209-003 Organizational Conflict of Interest (AUG 2006)

(a) The offeror warrants, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that (1) there are no relevant facts that could give rise to organizational conflicts of interest, as defined in FAR 9.501; or (2) the offeror has disclosed all relevant information regarding any actual or potential organizational conflicts of interest. Offerors are encouraged to inform the Contracting Officer of any potential conflicts of interest, including those involving contracts with other Government organizations, before preparing their proposal to determine whether the Government will require mitigation of those conflicts. If the successful offeror was aware, or should have been aware, of an organizational conflict of interest before award of this contract and did not fully disclose that conflict to the Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract for default.

(b) If during contract performance the contractor discovers an organizational conflict of interest involving this contract, the contractor agrees to make an immediate and full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer. Such notification will include a description of the action the contractor and/or subcontractor has taken or proposes to take to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate the conflict. The contractor will continue contract performance until notified by the Contracting Officer of any contrary actions to be taken. The Government may terminate this contract for its convenience if it deems such termination to be in the best interest of the Government.

(c) The contractor must inform the Contracting Officer of any activities, efforts, or actions planned, entered into, or on-going by the contractor, or any other corporate entity of the contractor, at the prime or sub-contract level, involving the review of information or providing any advice, assistance, or support to Government agencies, entities, or units outside of the U. S. Government which may result in a perceived or actual organizational conflict of interest with any known U. S. Government activity. The contractor must provide detailed information to the Contracting Officer as to the specifics of the situation immediately upon its recognition. Based on the severity of the conflict, the Contracting Officer may direct the contractor to take certain actions, revise current work effort, or restrict the contractor's future participation in U. S. Government contracts as may be necessary to appropriately neutralize, mitigate, or avoid the organizational conflict of interest.

(d) If necessary to mitigate organizational conflict of interest concerns, or when directed to do so by the Contracting Officer, the contractor shall submit an organizational conflict of interest mitigation plan for approval. The plan must describe how the contractor will mitigate, neutralize, or avoid potential and/or actual conflicts of interest or unfair competitive advantages. The contractor shall attach a completed USG Form 9.5061, *OCI Mitigation Plan Checklist*, to each new or revised mitigation plan submitted to the

Contracting Officer. After approval of the mitigation plan, the contractor must conduct a yearly self-assessment and submit an annual certification of compliance with the terms of the plan signed by a corporate official at the level of Vice President or above. The contractor agrees to submit a revised mitigation plan for approval whenever corporate, contractual, or personnel changes create or appear to create new organizational conflict of interest concerns, or when directed to do so by the Contracting Officer.

(e) The contractor must insert a clause containing all the requirements of this clause in all subcontracts for work similar to the services provided by the prime contractor.

(f) Before this contract is modified to add new work or to significantly increase the period of performance, the contractor agrees to submit an organizational conflict of interest disclosure or representation if requested by the Government.

(g) The contractor further agrees that the Government may periodically review the contractor's compliance with these provisions or require such self-assessments or additional certifications as the Government deems appropriate.

Cl.209-006 (U) Enabling Clause for Prime and Support Contractor Relationships (OCT 2011)

(a) The Government currently has, or may enter into, contracts with one or more of the following companies, the primary purpose of which is to furnish independent and impartial advice or technical assistance directly to the Government in support of the Governments management and oversight of a program or effort. These companies (hereafter referred to as support contractors), are obligated by the terms of clause Cl.209-008, *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, incorporated into their respective contracts, and/or by separate non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreements to safeguard the sensitive and proprietary information of other contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and vendors to which they have access.

(b) In the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees to cooperate with the companies listed above. Cooperation includes, but is not limited to, allowing the listed support contractors to attend meetings; observe technical activities; discuss with the contractor technical matters related to this program at meetings or otherwise; and access contractor integrated data environments and facilities used in the performance of the contract.

(c) The contractor must provide the support contractors access to data such as, but not limited to, design and development analyses; test data, procedures, and results; research, development, and planning data; parts, equipment, and process specifications; testing and test equipment specifications; quality control procedures; manufacturing and assembly procedures; schedule and milestone data; and other contract data. To fulfill contractual requirements to the Government, support contractors engaged in general systems engineering and integration efforts and technical support are normally authorized access to information pertaining to this contract. Exceptions, such as when the contractor seeks to restrict access to contractor trade secrets, will be handled on a case-by-case basis. If the contractor seeks to limit distribution of data to Government personnel only, the contractor must submit this request in writing to the Contracting Officer.

(d) The contractor further agrees to include in all subcontracts, except for those to provide only commercial and/or non-developmental items, a clause requiring the subcontractor and succeeding levels of subcontractors to comply with the response and access provisions of paragraph (b) above, subject to coordination with the contractor. This clause does not relieve the contractor of the responsibility to manage the subcontracts effectively and efficiently, nor is it intended to establish privity of contract between the Government or support contractors and such subcontractors.

(e) The contractor and its subcontractors are not required to take contractual direction from support contractors.

(f) Clauses Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*, and Cl.209-008, which will be incorporated into all U. S. Government support contracts, require the support contractors to protect data and software related to this contract, and prohibit them from using such data for any purpose other than performance of the support contract.

(g) Support contractors shall protect the proprietary information of disclosing contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and vendors in accordance with clause Cl.209-008. Because this clause provides that such disclosing contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and vendors are intended to be third-party beneficiaries, all such disclosing parties agree that these terms satisfy the non-disclosure agreement requirements set forth in 10 U.S.C. 2320(f)(2)(B). Accordingly, the contractor may only enter into a separate non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreement with a disclosing party on an exception basis, and only after notifying the Contracting Officer. The Government and the disclosing contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and vendors agree to cooperate to ensure that the execution of any non-disclosure agreement does not delay or inhibit performance of this contract, and the Government shall require support contractors to do the same. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract. Separate non-disclosure agreements may be executed only in the following exceptional circumstances:

(1) The support contractor is a direct competitor of the disclosing party in furnishing end items or services of the type developed or produced for the program or effort;

(2) The support contractor will require access to extremely sensitive business data; or

(3) Other unique business situations exist in which the disclosing party can clearly demonstrate that clause Cl.209-008 does not adequately protect their competitive interests.

(h) Any proprietary information furnished to support contractors shall be:

(1) Disclosed in writing and clearly marked "proprietary" or with other words of similar meaning; or

(2) Disclosed orally or visually (for instance, during a plant tour, briefing, or demonstration) and identified as proprietary information at the time of the oral or visual disclosure by the Government or a disclosing party. The support contractors shall treat all such information as proprietary unless within fifteen (15) days the support contractor coordinates with the Government or disclosing party to obtain a written version of the proprietary information and determine the extent of the proprietary claims; or

(3) Disclosed by electronic transmission (e.g., facsimile, electronic mail, etc.) in either human readable form or machine readable form, and the contractor marks it electronically as proprietary within the electronic transmissions, such marking to be displayed in human readable form along with any display of the proprietary information; or

(4) Disclosed by delivery of an electronic storage medium or memory device, and the contractor marks the storage medium or memory device itself as containing proprietary information and electronically marks the stored information as proprietary, such marking to be displayed in human readable form along with any display of the proprietary information.

(i) The contractor agrees not to hold the support contractor liable for unauthorized disclosure of proprietary information if it can be demonstrated in written documentation or other competent evidence that the information was:

(1) Already known to the support contractor without restriction on its use or disclosure at the time of its disclosure by the disclosing party;

(2) In the public domain or becomes publicly known through no wrongful act of the support contractor;

(3) Proprietary information disclosed by the support contractor with the contractors' prior written permission;

(4) Independently developed by the support contractor, subsequent to its receipt, without the use of any proprietary information;

(5) Disclosed to the support contractor by a third party who was legally entitled to disclose the same and who did not acquire the proprietary information from the disclosing party;

(6) Specifically provided in writing by the U.S. Government to the support contractor with an unlimited rights license; or

(7) Disclosed by the support contractor as required by law, regulatory or legislative authority, including subpoenas, criminal or civil investigative demands, or similar processes, provided the support contractor provides the disclosing party that originated the proprietary information with prompt written notice so that the disclosing party may seek a protective order or other appropriate remedy, and provided that, in the absence of a timely protective order, the support contractor furnishes only that minimum portion of the proprietary information that is legally required.

(j) Any notice to the support contractor(s) required or contemplated under the provisions of this clause or clause Cl.209-008 shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given on:

(1) The date received if delivered personally or by overnight courier;

(2) The third day after being deposited in the U.S. mail, postage prepaid; or

(3) The date sent if sent by facsimile transmission or e-mail with a digital copy.

(k) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate in resolving any unauthorized disclosure or misuse of proprietary information by a support contractor. This shall not be construed as requiring the contractor to conduct an inquiry into an unauthorized disclosure or

misuse, or as authorizing the allocation of costs for such an inquiry directly to this contract. Any costs incurred by the contractor in said fact-finding efforts may be allowable and allocable upon determination of the Contracting Officer after adjudicating the circumstances related to any unauthorized disclosures or misuse.

Cl.209-011 Protection Of Information (DEC 2002):

(a) It is the Government's intent to ensure proper handling of sensitive planning, budgetary, acquisition, and contracting information that will be provided to, or developed by, the contractor during contract performance. It is also the Government's intent to protect the proprietary rights of industrial contractors whose data the contractor may receive in fulfilling its contractual commitments hereunder.

(b) Accordingly, the contractor agrees that it will not disclose, divulge, discuss, or otherwise reveal information to anyone or any organization not authorized access to such information without the express written approval of the Contracting Officer. The contractor shall require that each of its employees assigned to work under this contract, and each subcontractor and its employees assigned to work on subcontracts issued hereunder, execute nondisclosure agreements acknowledging the above restrictions before providing them access to such information. The contractor shall also require all future company employees, subcontractors, and subcontractor employees needing similar access to such information to execute nondisclosure agreements prior to providing them access to the above identified information. The requirement for the contractor to secure nondisclosure agreements from their employees may be satisfied by having each employee sign one nondisclosure agreement as a term of their employment, and need not be accomplished separately for each individual contract for which the employee will support, unless a separate agreement is specifically requested by the Contracting Officer. The contractor will make copies of these individual agreements available to the

Contracting Officer upon request. These restrictions do not apply to such information after the U. S. Government has released it to the contractor community, either in preparation for or as part of a future procurement, or through such means as dissemination at Contractor Industrial Forums.

(c) The contractor further agrees that any source documents furnished by the Government and any contractor documents developed therefrom in the performance of this contract are the sole property of the Government and will be held in the strictest confidence.

(d) If the work to be performed under this contract requires access to the proprietary data of other companies, the contractor agrees to enter into an agreement with the company that has developed this proprietary information to: (1) protect such proprietary data from unauthorized use or disclosure for as long as the information remains proprietary; and (2) refrain from using the information for any purpose other than support of the Government contract for which it was furnished. The contractor shall provide a properly executed copy of any such agreement(s) to the Contracting Officer. These restrictions are not intended to protect data furnished voluntarily without limitations on their use. Neither are they intended to protect data, available to the Government or contractor, from other sources without restriction.

(e) The contractor agrees to include in each subcontract a clause requiring compliance by the subcontractor and succeeding levels of subcontractors with the terms and conditions herein.

(f) The contractor agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Government, its agents, and

employees from every claim or liability, including attorneys fees, court costs, and expenses arising out of, or in any way related to, the misuse or unauthorized modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure of data with restrictive legends received in performance of this contract by the contractor or any person to whom the contractor has released or disclosed the data.

(g) The contractor further agrees that the Government may periodically review contractor's compliance with these provisions or require such self-assessments or additional certifications as the Government deems appropriate. The contractor is on notice that this clause supplements, but does not supersede, the contractor's obligations under paragraph (b) of clause Cl.209-008, Organizational Conflict of Interest - General.

Cl.219-001 Utilization Of Small Business Concerns (MAR 2001):

(a) It is the policy of the United States that small business concerns, veteran-owned small

business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns, and women-owned small business concerns shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts let by any Federal Agency, including contracts and subcontracts for subsystems, assemblies, components and related services for major systems. It is further the policy of the United States that its prime contractors establish procedures to ensure the timely payment of amounts due pursuant to the terms of their subcontracts with small business concerns, veteran-owned small

business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns, and women-owned small business concerns.

(b) The contractor hereby agrees to carry out this policy in the awarding of subcontracts to the fullest extent consistent with efficient contract performance. The contractor further agrees to cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be conducted by the Contracting Officer or his representative as may be necessary to determine the extent of the contractor's compliance with this clause.

(c) Definitions. As used in this contract—HubZone small business concern means a small business concern that appears on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration. Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern-

(1) Means a small business concern-

(i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

(ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.

(2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C.101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C.101(16).

Small business concern means a small business as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act and relevant regulations promulgated pursuant thereto. Small disadvantaged business concern means a small business concern that represents, as part of its offer that—

(1) It has received certification as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR part 124, subpart B;

(2) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;

(3) Where the concern is owned by one or more individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and

(4) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net).

Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern-

(1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38

U.S.C.101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and

(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern-

(1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women, or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and

(2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(d) Contractors acting in good faith may rely on written representations by their subcontractors regarding their status as a small business concern, a veteran-owned small business concern, a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern, a HUBZone small business concern, a small disadvantaged business concern, or a women-owned small business concern.

<u>Cl.219-003 Small, Small Disadvantaged and Women-Owned Small Business</u> <u>Scontracting Plan (Test Program) (SEP 2000):</u>

(a) Definition. "Subcontract," as used in this clause, means any agreement (other than one involving an employer-employee relationship) entered into by a Federal Government prime contractor or subcontractor calling for supplies or services required for performance of the contract or subcontract.

(b) The Offeror's comprehensive small business subcontracting plan and its successors, which are authorized by and approved under the test program of Section 834 of Pub.L.101-189, as amended, shall be included in and made a part of the resultant contract. Upon expulsion from the test program or expiration of the test program, the Contractor shall negotiate an individual subcontracting plan for all future contracts that meet the requirements of Section 211 of Pub.L.95-507.

(c) The Contractor shall submit Standard Form (SF) 295, Summary Subcontract Report, in accordance with the instructions on the form, except—

 One copy of the SF 295 and attachments shall be submitted to Director, Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, Office of the Deputy Under Secretary of Defense (International and Commercial Programs), 3061 Defense Pentagon, Room 2A338, Washington, DC 20301-3061; and

(2) Item 14, Remarks, shall be completed to include semi-annual cumulative-

(i) Small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business goals; and

(ii) Small business and small disadvantaged business goals, actual accomplishments, and percentages for each of the two designated industry categories.

(d) The failure of the Contractor or subcontractor to comply in good faith with-

(1) the clause of this contract entitled "Utilization of Small Business Concerns," or

(2) an approved plan required by this clause, shall be a material breach of the contract.

Cl.223-001 Hazard Warning Labels (MAR 1996):

(a) "Hazardous material," as used in this clause, is defined in the "Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data" clause of this contract.

(b) The contractor shall label the item package (unit container) of any hazardous material to be delivered under this contract in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200 et seq.). The Standard requires that the hazard warning label conform to the requirements of the standard unless the material is otherwise subject to the labeling requirements of one of the following statutes:

(1) Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act;

- (2) Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act;
- (3) Consumer Product Safety Act;
- (4) Federal Hazardous Substances Act; or
- (5) Federal Alcohol Administration Act.

(c) The offeror shall list which hazardous material listed in the "Hazardous Material

Identification and Material Safety Data" clause of this contract will be labeled in accordance with one of the Acts in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this clause instead of the Hazard Communication Standard. Any hazardous material not listed will be interpreted to mean that a label is required in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard.

Material	Act
(If none, insert "None")	

(d) The apparently successful offeror agrees to submit, before award, a copy of the hazard warning label for all hazardous materials not listed in paragraph (c) of this clause. The offeror shall submit the label with the Material Safety Data Sheet being furnished under the "Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data" clause of this contract.

Cl.223-005 Prohibition On Storage And Disposal Of Toxic And Hazardous Materials (OCT 1997)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) "Storage" means a non-transitory, semi-permanent or permanent holding, placement, or leaving of material. It does not include a temporary accumulation of a limited quantity of a material used in or a waste generated or resulting from authorized activities, such as servicing, maintenance, or repair of Government items, equipment, or facilities.

(2) "Toxic or hazardous materials" means those materials identified in the "EPA Title III List of Lists."

(b) The contractor is prohibited from transporting, storing, disposing or using toxic or hazardous materials in performing this contract except for those materials listed in (c) below or when authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(c) Toxic and hazardous materials authorized for use in the performance of this contract are as listed below:

TOXIC MATERIAL USE LIMITATIONS

<u>Cl.223-006 Contractor Compliance With Environmental, Occupational Safety and</u> <u>Health, and System Safety Requirements (OCT 1997):</u>

(a) In performing work under this contract, the contractor shall comply with-

(1) All applicable Federal, State, and local environmental, occupational safety and health, and system safety laws, regulations, policies and procedures in effect as of the date the contract is executed;

(2) Any regulations, policies and procedures in effect at any Government facility where work will be performed;

(3) Any contract specific requirements; and

(4) Any Contracting Officer direction.

(b) Conflicting Requirements. The contractor shall provide written notification to the

Contracting Officer of any conflicts in requirements. The notification will describe the

conflicting requirements and their source; provide an estimate of any impact to the contract's cost, schedule, and any other terms and conditions; and provide a recommended solution. The notification will also identify any external organizations that the Contracting Officer or the contractor may have to coordinate with in order to implement the solution. The Contracting Officer will review the notification and provide written direction. Until the Contracting Officer issues that direction, the contractor will continue performance of the contract, to the extent practicable, giving precedence in the following order to requirements that originate from:

(1) Federal, state, and local laws, regulations, policies and procedures;

(2) Government facility regulations, policies and procedures; and

(3) Contract specific direction:

(c) Material Condition of Contract. Environmental, occupational safety and health, and system safety requirements are a material condition of this contract. Failure of the contractor to maintain and administer an environmental and safety program that is compliant with the requirements of this contract shall constitute grounds for termination for default.

(d) The Contractor shall include this clause in all subcontracts.

<u>Cl.227-001 Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items (FEB 2011)</u> (a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) *Business data* means recorded information, regardless of the form or method of the recording, including specific business data contained in a computer database, of a financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management nature, or other information incidental to contract administration or protected from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. §552(b)(4).

(2) *Commercial item* means:

(i) Any item, other than real property, that is of a type customarily used by the general public or by non-governmental entities for purposes other than governmental purposes, and—

(A) Has been sold, leased, or licensed to the general public; or

(B) Has been offered for sale, lease, or license to the general public;

(ii) Any item that evolved from an item described in paragraph (i) of this definition through advances in technology or performance, and that is not yet available in the commercial marketplace, but will be available in the commercial marketplace in time to satisfy the

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delivery requirements under a Government solicitation;

(iii) Any item that would satisfy a criterion expressed in paragraphs (i) or (ii) of this definition, but for-

(A) Modifications of a type customarily available in the commercial marketplace; or

(B) Minor modifications of a type not customarily available in the commercial marketplace made to meet Federal Government requirements. "Minor modifications" means modifications that do not significantly alter the non-governmental function or essential physical characteristics of an item or component, or change the purpose of a process. Factors to be considered in determining whether a modification is minor include the value and size of the modification and the comparative value and size of the final product. Dollar values and percentages may be used as guideposts, but are not conclusive evidence that a modification is minor;

(iv) Any combination of items meeting the requirements of paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii), or (v) of this definition that are of a type customarily combined and sold in combination to the general public;

(v) Installation services, maintenance services, repair services, training services, and other services if-

(A) Such services are procured for support of an item referred to in paragraph (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this definition, regardless of whether such services are provided by the same source or at the same time as the item; and

(B) The source of such services provides similar services contemporaneously to the general public under terms and conditions similar to those offered to the Federal Government;

(vi) Services of a type offered and sold competitively in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace based on established catalog or market prices for specific tasks performed or specific outcomes to be achieved, and under standard commercial terms and conditions. For purposes of these services—

(A) "Catalog price" means a price included in a catalog, price list, schedule, or other form that is regularly maintained by the manufacturer or vendor, is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and states prices at which sales are currently, or were last, made to a significant number of buyers constituting the general public; and

(B) "Market prices" means current prices that are established in the course of ordinary trade between buyers and sellers free to bargain, and that can be substantiated through competition or from sources independent of the offerors.

(vii) Any item, combination of items, or service referred to in paragraphs (i) through (vi) of this definition, notwithstanding the fact that the item, combination of items, or service is transferred between or among separate divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a contractor; or

(viii) A non-developmental item, if the procuring agency determines the item was developed exclusively at private expense and sold in substantial quantities, on a competitive basis, to multiple State and local governments.

(3) *Computer database* means a collection of data recorded in a form capable of being processed and operated by a computer. The term does not include computer software.

(4) *Computer program* means a set of instructions, rules, or routines, recorded in a form that is capable of causing a computer to perform a specific operation or series of operations.

(5) *Computer software* means computer programs, source code, source code listings, object code listings, design details, algorithms, processes, flow charts, formulae, and related material that would enable the software to be reproduced, recreated, or recompiled. The term does not include computer databases or computer software documentation.

(6) *Computer software documentation* means owner's manuals, user's manuals, installation instructions, operating instructions, and other similar items, regardless of storage medium, that explain the capabilities of the computer software or provide instructions for using or maintaining the computer software.

(7) *Form, fit, and function data* means technical data that describes the required overall physical, functional, and performance characteristics (along with the qualification requirements, if applicable) of an item, component, or process to the extent necessary to permit identification of physically and functionally interchangeable items. For computer software it means data identifying source, functional characteristics, and performance requirements, but specifically excludes the source code, algorithms, processes, formulas, and flow charts of the software.

(8) *Technical data* means recorded information (regardless of the form or method of the recording, including computer databases) of a scientific or technical nature (including computer software documentation). The term includes recorded information of a scientific or technical nature that is included in computer databases. (See 41 U.S.C. §403(8)). This term does not include computer software or business data.

(b) License in Commercial Technical Data.

(1) The Government shall have the unrestricted right to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data relating to a commercial item, and to permit others to do so, that:

(i) Have been provided to the Government or others without restrictions on use, modification, reproduction, release, or further disclosure other than a release or disclosure resulting from the sale, transfer, or other assignment of interest in the technical data to another party, or the sale or transfer of some or all of a business entity or its assets to another party;

(ii) Are form, fit, and function data;

(iii) Are a correction or change to technical data furnished to the contractor by the Government;

(iv) Are necessary for operation, maintenance, installation, or training (other than detailed manufacturing or process data); or

(v) Have been provided to the Government under a prior contract or licensing agreement through which the Government has acquired

the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data without restrictions. (2) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(1), the Government may use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data within the Government only.

(3) The Government shall not use the technical data to manufacture additional quantities or release, perform, display, disclose, or authorize use of the technical data outside the Government without the contractor's written permission unless a release, disclosure, or permitted use is necessary for emergency repair or overhaul of the commercial items furnished under this contract.

(c) License in Commercial Computer Software. Commercial computer software and commercial computer software documentation shall be acquired under the licenses customarily provided to the public unless such licenses are inconsistent with federal procurement law or do not otherwise satisfy user needs. The Government shall have only the rights specified in the license under which the commercial computer software documentation was obtained. Such license shall be attached to and made a part of this contract.

(d) Additional License Rights. The contractor and its subcontractors are not required to provide the Government additional rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software. However, if the Government desires to obtain additional rights in technical data or computer software, the contractor agrees to promptly enter into negotiations with the Contracting Officer to determine whether acceptable terms for transferring such rights can be reached. All technical data and computer software in which the contractor grants the Government additional rights shall be listed or described in a special license agreement made part of this contract. The license shall specifically enumerate the additional rights granted the Government.

(e) Release From Liability. The contractor agrees that the Government, and other persons to whom the Government may have released or disclosed technical data or computer software delivered or otherwise furnished under this contract, shall have no liability for any release or disclosure of technical data or computer software that are not marked to indicate that such data are licensed data subject to use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure restrictions.

Cl.227-002 Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items (FEB 2011)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) *Business data* means recorded information, regardless of the form or method of the recording, including specific business data contained in a computer database, of a financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management nature, or other information incidental to contract administration or protected from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. §552(b)(4).

(2) Computer data base means a collection of data recorded in a form capable of being processed and operated by a computer. The term does not include computer software.

(3) *Computer program* means a set of instructions, rules, or routines, recorded in a form that is capable of causing a computer to perform a specific operation or series of operations.

(4) *Computer software* means computer programs, source code, source code listings, object code listings, design details, algorithms, processes, flow charts, formulae, and related material that would enable the software to be reproduced, recreated, or recompiled. Computer software does not include computer databases or computer software documentation.

(5) Computer software documentation means owner's manuals, user's manuals, installation instructions, operating instructions, and other similar items, regardless of storage medium, that explain the capabilities of the computer software or provide instructions for using or maintaining the software.

(6) *Delivery* means the formal act of transferring technical data, computer software, or business data to the Government as expressly delineated in the contract (including, but not limited to the Contract Data Requirements List, the statement of work, or elsewhere in the contract), in accordance with a specified schedule.

(7) *Detailed manufacturing or process data* means technical data and computer software that describes the steps, sequences, and conditions of manufacturing, processing, or assembly used by the manufacturer to produce an item or component, or to perform a process.

(8) *Developed* means that an item, component, or process, or an element of computer software has been shown through sufficient analysis or test to demonstrate to one of ordinary skill in the applicable art that there is a reasonable probability that the item, component, process, or element of computer software will work or perform its intended application, function, or purpose.

(9) *Developed exclusively at private expense* means development was accomplished entirely with costs charged to indirect cost pools, costs not allocated to a Government contract, or any combination thereof. Under fixed-price contracts, when total costs are greater than the firm-fixed-price or ceiling price of the contract, the additional development costs necessary to complete development shall not be considered when determining whether development was at Government, private, or mixed expense. Private expense determinations should be made at the lowest practicable level.

(10) *Developed exclusively with Government funds* means all the costs of development were charged directly to a Government contract. (11) *Developed with mixed funding* means development was accomplished partially with costs charged to indirect cost pools and/or

costs not allocated to a Government contract, and partially with costs charged directly to a Government contract.

(12) Form, fit, and function data means technical data that describes the required overall physical, functional, and performance characteristics (along with the qualification requirements, if applicable) of an item, component, or process to the extent necessary to

permit identification of physically and functionally interchangeable items. For computer software it means data identifying source, functional characteristics, and performance requirements, but specifically excludes the source code, algorithms, processes, formulas, and flow charts of the software.

(13) *Government purpose* means any activity in which the United States Government is a party, including cooperative agreements with international or multi-national defense organizations, or sales or transfers by the United States Government to foreign Governments or international organizations. Government purposes include providing technical data and computer software for use in a competitive procurement, but do not include the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data and computer software for commercial purposes or authorize others to do so.

(14) *Technical data* means recorded information (regardless of the form or method of the recording, including computer databases) of a scientific or technical nature (including computer software documentation). The term includes recorded information of a scientific or technical nature that is included in computer databases (See 41 U.S.C. §403(8)). This term does not include computer software or business data.

(b) Government Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software.

(1) *Government purpose rights* means the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software within the Government without restriction, to release or disclose technical data or computer software outside the Government, and to authorize persons to whom release has been made to use, modify, reproduce, perform, or display that technical data or computer software, provided that the recipient exercises such rights for Government purposes only.

(i) The Government shall have Government purpose rights for a five-year period after contract completion or for such other period as may be mutually negotiated. Upon expiration of the five-year or other negotiated period, the Government shall have unlimited rights in the technical data or computer software.

(ii) The contractor has the exclusive right, including the right to license others, to use technical data or computer software in which the Government has obtained Government purpose rights under this contract, for any commercial purpose during the time period specified in paragraph (b)(1)(i) above and/or in the Government purpose rights legend prescribed by this clause.

(iii) The Government shall have Government purpose rights in technical data or computer software delivered under this contract that:(A) Pertain to items, components, computer software, or processes developed with mixed funding, except when the Government is entitled to unlimited rights;

(B) Were created with mixed funding in the performance of a contract that does not specifically require the development, manufacture, construction, or production of items, components, computer software, or processes;

(C) The contractor has previously or is currently providing with Government purpose rights under another Government contract; or

(D) The parties have agreed shall be delivered with Government purpose rights.

(iv) The Government may release the technical data or computer software to any third party as described in paragraph (b)(1) above if:

(A) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-005, *Protection of Information*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*;

(B) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-008, *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*. When clause Cl.209-008 is used, additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreements may be required by the owner of the technical data or computer software, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution.

(C) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract;

(2) *Limited rights* means the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data, in whole or in part, within the Government.

(i) The Government may not, without the written permission of the party asserting limited rights, release or disclose the technical data outside the Government, use the technical data for manufacture, or authorize the technical data to be used by another party, except that the Government may reproduce, release, or disclose such data, or authorize the use or reproduction of the data by persons outside the Government if such reproduction, release, disclosure, or use is:

(A) Necessary for emergency repair and overhaul. In each instance of disclosure outside the Government, the Government shall: (I) Prohibit the further reproduction, release, or disclosure of such technical data;

(II) Notify the party who has granted limited rights that such reproduction or use by, or release or disclosure to particular contractors or subcontractors is necessary;

(III) Insert clause Cl.209-005, *Protection of Information, and* Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends,* into the contractual arrangement with the receiving development contractors;

(IV) Insert clause Cl.209-008, Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement, and Cl.227-005, Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends, into the contractual arrangement with the receiving support contractor(s). An additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreement may be required by

the owner of the technical data, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution; and

(V) Require the recipient of limited rights technical data necessary for emergency repair or overhaul to destroy such technical data and any copies in its possession promptly following completion of the emergency repair/overhaul, and to notify the contractor that it has been destroyed; or

(B) Is in the interest of the Government when a release or disclosure of technical data (other than detailed manufacturing or process data) to, or use of such data by, a foreign government is required for evaluation or information purposes, and is subject to a prohibition on further release, disclosure, or use of the technical data.

(ii) The Government and the contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of necessary NDAs shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Said agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract.
(iii) Except as otherwise provided under paragraphs (b)(6)(i)-(xi), the Government shall have limited rights in technical data delivered under this contract that:

(A) Pertain to items, components, or processes developed exclusively at private expense and marked with the limited rights legends prescribed by this clause;

(B) Created exclusively at private expense in the performance of a contract that does not require the development, manufacture, construction, or production of items, components, or processes; or

(C) The parties have agreed shall be delivered with limited rights.

(iv) The contractor and its subcontractors are not required to provide the Government additional rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, or display, technical data furnished to the Government with limited rights. However, if the Government desires to obtain additional rights in technical data in which it has limited rights, the contractor agrees to promptly enter into negotiations with the Contracting Officer to determine whether there are acceptable terms for transferring such rights. All technical data in which the contractor has granted the Government additional rights shall be listed or described in a license agreement made part of the contract. The license shall enumerate the additional rights granted the Government in such items.

(3) *Prior Government rights* means that technical data or computer software that will be delivered, furnished, or otherwise provided to the Government under this contract, in which the Government has previously obtained rights shall be delivered, furnished, or provided with the pre-existing rights, unless—

(i) The parties have agreed otherwise; or

(ii) Any restrictions on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose the data have expired or no longer apply.

(4) Restricted rights apply only to non-commercial computer software, and means the Government's rights to:

(i) Use a computer program with one computer at one time. The program may not be accessed by more than one terminal or central processing unit or time-shared unless otherwise permitted by this contract;

(ii) Transfer a computer program to another Government agency without the further permission of the contractor if the transferor destroys all copies of the program and related computer software documentation in its possession and notifies the licensor of the transfer. Transferred programs remain subject to the provisions of this clause;

(iii) Make the minimum number of copies of the computer software required for safekeeping (archive), backup, or modification purposes;

(iv) Modify computer software, provided that the Government may-

(A) Use the modified software only as provided in paragraphs (b)(4)(i) and (iii) of this clause; and

(B) Not release or disclose the modified software except as provided in paragraphs (b)(4)(ii), (v) and (vi) of this clause;

(v) Permit contractors or subcontractors performing service contracts in support of this or a related contract to use computer software to diagnose and correct deficiencies in a computer program, to modify computer software to enable a computer program to be combined with, adapted to, or merged with other computer programs, or when necessary to respond to urgent tactical situations, provided that—(A) The Government notifies the party which has granted restricted rights that a release or disclosure to particular contractors or subcontractors is necessary;

(B) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-005, *Protection of Information*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*;

(C) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-008, *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*. When clause Cl.209-008 is used, additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreements may be required by the owner of the technical data or computer software, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution.

(D) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract;

(E) The Government shall not permit the recipient to decompile, disassemble, or reverse engineer the software, or use software decompiled, disassembled, or reverse engineered by the Government pursuant to paragraph (b)(4)(iv) of this clause, for any other purpose; and

(F) Such use is subject to the limitation in paragraph (b)(4)(i) of this clause.

(vi) Permit contractors or subcontractors performing emergency repairs or overhaul of items or components of items procured under this or a related contract to use the computer software when necessary to perform the repairs or overhaul, or to modify the computer software to reflect the repairs or overhaul made, provided that—

(A) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-005, *Protection of Information*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*;

(B) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-008, *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*. When clause Cl.209-008 is used, additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreements may be required by the owner of the technical data or computer software, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution.

(C) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract.(D) The Government shall not permit the recipient to decompile, disassemble, or reverse engineer the software, or use software decompiled, disassembled, or reverse engineered by the Government pursuant to paragraph (b)(4)(iv) of this clause, for any other purpose.

(vii) The Government shall have restricted rights in noncommercial computer software required to be delivered or otherwise provided to the Government under this contract that was developed exclusively at private expense.

(viii) The contractor, its subcontractors, or suppliers are not required to provide the Government additional rights in noncommercial computer software delivered or otherwise provided to the Government with restricted rights. However, if the Government desires to obtain additional rights in such software, the contractor agrees to promptly enter into negotiations with the Contracting Officer to determine whether there are acceptable terms for transferring such rights. All noncommercial computer software in which the contractor has granted the Government additional rights shall be listed or described in a license agreement made part of the contract (see paragraph (b)(5) of this clause). The license shall enumerate the additional rights granted the Government.

(5) Specifically negotiated license rights means a license granted by the contractor wherein the standard license rights granted to the Government under paragraphs (b)(1), (2), (3), (4), and (6), including the period during which the Government shall have government purpose rights in technical data or computer software, are modified by mutual agreement to provide such rights as the parties consider appropriate, but does not provide the Government lesser rights than limited rights for technical data or restricted rights for computer software unless mutually agreed by the contracting parties. Any rights so negotiated shall be identified in a license agreement made part of this contract and incorporated into Section J.

(6) *Unlimited rights* means the rights to use, modify, reproduce, perform, display, release, or disclose technical data and computer software in whole or in part, in any manner and for any purpose whatsoever, and to have or authorize others to do so. The Government shall have unlimited rights in:

(i) Technical data pertaining to an item, component, or process, or pertaining to software code or a software program that has been or will be developed exclusively with Government funds;

(ii) Computer software developed exclusively with Government funds;

(iii) Form, fit, and function data;

(iv) Technical data that is necessary for installation, operation, maintenance, or training purposes (other than detailed manufacturing or process data);

(v) Studies, analyses, test data, or similar data when the study, analysis, test, or similar work was specified as an element of performance;

(vi) Computer software documentation required to be delivered under this contract;

(vii) Technical data created exclusively with Government funds in the performance of a contract that does not require the development, manufacture, construction, or production of items, components, or processes;

(viii) Corrections or changes to technical data or computer software furnished by the Government;

(ix) Technical data or computer software that is otherwise publicly available or has been released or disclosed by the contractor or subcontractor without restriction on the further use, release or disclosure, other than a release or disclosure resulting from the sale, transfer, or other assignment of interest in the technical data or computer software to another party, or the sale or transfer of some or all of a business entity or its assets to another party;

(x) Technical data or computer software in which the Government has obtained unlimited rights under another Government contract or as a result of negotiations;

(xi) Technical data or computer software furnished to the Government under this or any other Government contract or subcontract

thereunder, with Government purpose rights, limited rights, or restricted rights, and the restrictive condition(s) has/have expired, or the Government purpose rights and the contractor's exclusive right to use such data for commercial purposes have expired.

(c) For business data marked as proprietary or with similar legends, the Government may duplicate, use, and disclose such data within the Government solely for evaluation, verification, validation, reporting, and program monitoring and management purposes in connection with this contract. The Government may disclose such business data to its support contractors identified in clause Cl.209-006, *Enabling Clause for Prime and Support Contractor Relationships*, for these same purposes if and when:

(1) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-005, *Protection of Information*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*;

(2) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-008, *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*. When clause Cl.209-008 is used, additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreement may be required by the owner of the business data, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution.

(i) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract;
(d) Other Information That Cannot Easily Be Categorized. For information that cannot easily be categorized as technical data or business data (e.g., program schedules, Earned Value Management System reports, and program management reports), and is of sufficient detail to show a contractor's confidential business practices, shall be identified before or as soon as practicable after contract award. The parties will agree as to the parties' rights and obligations in such data and how it is to be marked, handled, used, and disclosed to third parties. Such agreement shall be in writing, attached to, and made a part of the contract.

(e) Release from Liability. The contractor agrees to release the Government from liability for any release or disclosure of technical data and computer software made in accordance with this clause, in accordance with the terms of a license per this clause, or by others to whom the recipient has released or disclosed the data, and to seek relief solely from the party who has improperly used, modified, reproduced, released, performed, displayed, or disclosed contractor data marked with restrictive legends.

(f) Rights in Derivative Computer Software or Computer Software Documentation. The Government shall retain its rights in the unchanged portions of any computer software or computer software documentation delivered under this contract that the contractor uses to prepare, or includes in, derivative computer software or computer software documentation.

(g) Contractor Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software. The contractor retains all rights not granted to the Government. (h) Third Party Copyrights. The contractor shall not, without the written approval of the Contracting Officer, incorporate any copyrighted data in the technical data and computer software to be delivered under this contract unless the contractor is the copyright owner or has obtained for the Government the license rights necessary to perfect a license or licenses of the appropriate scope as defined in paragraphs (b)(1), (2), (4) and (6) of this clause, and has affixed a statement of the license or licenses obtained on behalf of the Government and other persons to the technical data and computer software transmittal document.

(i) Assertions of Other than Unlimited Rights.

(1) This paragraph does not apply to restrictions based solely on copyright.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (i)(3) of this clause, technical data and/or computer software that the contractor asserts should be furnished to the Government with restrictions on use, release, or disclosure are identified in an attachment to this contract (the "Attachment"). The contractor shall not deliver any technical data or computer software with restrictive markings unless the technical data or computer software is listed in the Attachment.

(3) The contractor may make other assertions of other than unlimited rights in technical data and/or computer software after contract award. Such assertions must be based on new information or inadvertent omission unless the inadvertent omission would have materially affected the source selection decision in the reasonable determination of the Contracting Officer (in which case no assertion based on an inadvertent omission may be allowed).

(4) The contractor shall submit such post-contract award assertion(s) to the Contracting Officer as soon as practicable but prior to the scheduled date for delivery of the technical data or computer software. All new assertions submitted after award shall be added to the Attachment in a timely fashion after submission of the assertion to the Contracting Officer. An official authorized to contractually obligate the contractor must sign the assertion(s). The contractor assertion(s) shall include the information specified in paragraph (d) of clause C1.227-004, *Identification and Assertion of Use, Release, or Disclosure Restrictions*.

(5) The Contracting Officer may request the contractor to provide sufficient information to enable the Government to evaluate the contractor's assertion(s). The Contracting Officer reserves the right to add the contractor's assertions to the Attachment and validate any listed assertion at a later date in accordance with the procedures outlined in clause Cl.227-003, *Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data and Computer Software*.

(j) Marking Requirements for Delivered Technical Data or Computer Software. The contractor may only assert restrictions on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data and computer software delivered to the Government by marking such technical data and computer software. Such markings shall be in the form of legends found in

paragraphs (k)(1) through (4), or as otherwise authorized in this contract, (e.g., pursuant to an agreement for the marking of mixed data pursuant to paragraph (d) of this clause). The notice of copyright prescribed under 17 U.S.C. 401 or 402 (with language, if applicable, noting that the Government contributed funding and therefore has rights in the copyrighted material as specified in clause Cl.227-002) is also allowed.

(k) General Marking Instructions. The contractor shall conspicuously and legibly mark the appropriate legend on all technical data and computer software that qualify for such markings. The authorized legends shall be placed on the transmittal document or storage container and, for printed material, on the title/cover page of the printed material containing technical data or computer software for which restrictions are asserted. Mark each subsequent sheet of data with an abbreviated marking(s) to indicate the applicable restrictive rights assertion(s), and refer to the title/cover page for additional information. When only portions of a page of printed material are subject to the asserted restrictions, such portions shall be identified by circling, underscoring, annotating, or other appropriate identifier. Technical data and computer software transmitted directly from one computer or computer terminal to another shall contain a notice of asserted restrictions. Reproductions of technical data and computer software, or any portions thereof subject to asserted restrictions, shall also reproduce the asserted restrictions.

(1) Government Purpose Rights Markings. Technical data or computer software delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government with Government purpose rights shall be marked as follows:

Government Purpose Rights

Contract No: ______
Contractor Name: ______
Contractor Address: _____

Expiration Date:

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose these technical data and computer software are restricted by paragraph (b)(1) of clause Cl.227-002, *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*, contained in the contract identified above. No restrictions apply after the expiration date shown above. Any reproduction of technical data or computer software, or portions thereof marked with this legend, must also reproduce the markings.

(End of legend)

(2) Limited Rights Markings. Technical data delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government with limited rights shall be marked as follows:

No:
Name:

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose these technical data are restricted by paragraph (b)(2) of clause Cl.227-002, *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*, contained in the contract identified above. Any reproduction of technical data, or portions thereof marked with this legend, must also reproduce the markings. Any person, other than Government officials or others specifically authorized by the Government, who has been provided access to this technical data must promptly notify the above-named contractor. (End of legend)

(3) Restricted Rights Markings. Computer software delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government with restricted rights shall be marked with the following legend:

Restricted Rights	
Contract	No:
Contractor	Name:
Contractor Address:	

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose this computer software are restricted by paragraph (b)(4) of clause Cl.227-002, *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items,* contained in the contract identified above. Any reproduction of computer software or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings. Any person, other than the Government, who has been provided access to such computer software must promptly notify the above-named contractor. (End of legend)

(4) Special License Rights Markings. Technical data and computer software in which the Government's rights stem from a specifically negotiated license shall be marked with the following legend:

Special License Rights	
Contract	No:
Contractor	Name:
Contractor Address:	

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose this data and/or software are

restricted by _____[Insert license identifier]. Any reproduction of technical data, computer software, or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings.

(End of legend)

(1) Pre-Existing Data Markings. If the terms of a prior contract or license permitted the contractor to restrict the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose a technical data or computer software deliverable under this contract, and those restrictions are still applicable, the contractor may mark such technical data or computer software with the appropriate restrictive conforming legend for which the technical data or computer software qualified under the prior contract or license. The marking procedures in paragraphs (j) and (k) of this clause shall be followed.

(m) Removal of Unjustified Markings. Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract concerning inspection and acceptance, if any technical data or computer software delivered or otherwise provided under this contract are marked with the notices specified at (k)(1)-(4) of this clause, and the use of such is not authorized by this clause, the Government may ignore, or at the contractor's expense, correct or strike the marking if, in accordance with the procedures in clause Cl.227-003, *Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data and Computer Software*, of this contract, the technical data or computer software is delivered or otherwise provided with a restrictive marking determined to be unjustified.

(n) Removal of Nonconforming Markings. A nonconforming marking is a marking placed on technical data or computer software delivered to the Government under this contract that is not in a format authorized by this contract. Correction of nonconforming markings is not subject to the *Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data and Computer Software* clause of this contract. To the extent practicable, the Government shall return technical data or computer software marked with nonconforming markings to the contractor and provide the contractor an opportunity to correct or strike the nonconforming marking at no cost to the Government. If the contractor fails to correct the nonconforming marking and return the corrected technical data or computer software within 60 days following the contractor's receipt of the data, the Contracting Officer may ignore, or at the contractor's expense, remove, correct, or strike any nonconforming marking.

(o) Unmarked Technical Data or Computer Software. Technical data or computer software delivered to the Government under this contract without restrictive markings as set forth herein shall be presumed to have been delivered with unlimited rights and may be released or disclosed without restriction. However, to the extent the technical data or computer software has not been disclosed without restriction outside the Government, the contractor may request, within six months after delivery of such technical data or computer software (or a longer time approved by the Contracting Officer for good cause shown), permission to have notices placed on qualifying technical data or computer software at the contractor's expense, and the Contracting Officer may agree to do so if the contractor:

(1) Identifies the technical data or computer software on which the omitted notice is to be placed;

(2) Demonstrates that the omission of the notice was inadvertent;

(3) Establishes that the use of the proposed notice is authorized; and

(4) Acknowledges that the Government has no liability with respect to the disclosure, use, or reproduction of any such technical data or computer software made prior to the addition of the notice or resulting from the omission of the notice.

(p) Relation to Patents. Nothing contained in this clause shall imply a license to the Government under any patent, or be construed as affecting the scope of any license or other right otherwise granted to the Government under any patent.

(q) Limitation on Charges for Rights in Technical Data or Computer Software.

(1) The contractor shall not charge to this contract any cost, including but not limited to license fees, royalties, or similar charges, for rights in technical data or computer software to be delivered under this contract when—

(i) The Government has acquired, by any means, the same or greater rights in the technical data or computer software; or

(ii) The technical data or computer software is available to the public without restrictions.

(2) The limitation in paragraph (q)(1) of this clause—

(i) Includes costs charged by a subcontractor or supplier, at any tier, or costs incurred by the contractor to acquire rights in subcontractor or supplier technical data or computer software if the subcontractor or supplier has been paid for such rights under any other Government contract or under a license conveying the rights to the Government; and

(ii) Does not include the reasonable costs of reproducing, handling, or mailing the documents or other media in which the technical data or computer software will be delivered.

(r) Applicability to Subcontractors or Suppliers.

(1) The contractor shall ensure that the rights afforded its subcontractors and suppliers under 10 U.S.C. §2320, 10 U.S.C. §2321, and the identification, assertion, and delivery processes of paragraph (i) of this clause are recognized and protected.

(2) Whenever any technical data or computer software for noncommercial items is to be obtained from a subcontractor or supplier for delivery to the Government under this contract, the contractor shall flow down this clause to all of its subcontractors, vendors or suppliers (at any tier), and require its subcontractors, vendors, or suppliers to do so, without alteration, except to identify the parties. No other clause shall be used to enlarge or diminish the Government's, the contractor's, or a higher-tier subcontractor's or supplier's rights in a subcontractor's or supplier's technical data or computer software.

(3) Technical data or computer software required to be delivered by a subcontractor or supplier shall normally be delivered to the next higher-tier contractor, subcontractor, or supplier. However, when there is a requirement in the prime contract for technical data or

computer software which may be submitted with other than unlimited rights by a subcontractor or supplier, then said subcontractor or supplier may fulfill its requirement by submitting such technical data or computer software directly to the Government, rather than through a higher-tier contractor, subcontractor, or supplier.

(4) The contractor and higher-tier subcontractors or suppliers shall not use their power to award contracts as economic leverage to obtain rights in technical data or computer software from their subcontractors or suppliers.

(5) In no event shall the contractor use its obligation to recognize and protect subcontractor or supplier rights in technical data or computer software as an excuse for failing to satisfy its contractual obligation to the Government.

Cl.227-003 Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data and Computer Software (FEB 2011)

(a) The Government shall presume that a contractor's asserted use or release restrictions are justified on the basis that the item (to include computer software), component, or process was developed exclusively at private expense for commercial items as defined in FAR Part 12. The Government will not challenge such assertions unless information the Government demonstrates that the item, component, or process was not developed exclusively at private expense.

(b) Justification. The contractor is responsible for maintaining records sufficient to justify the validity of its markings that restrictions on the Government's right to use, modify, reproduce, perform, display, release, or disclose technical data or computer software delivered or required to be delivered under the contract or subcontract. Except for commercial items, the contractors shall be prepared to furnish to the Contracting Officer a written justification for such restrictive markings in response to a challenge under paragraph (e) of this clause.

(c) Pre-challenge Request for Information.

(1) The Contracting Officer may request the contractor to furnish a written explanation for any restriction asserted by the contractor on the right of the United States to use, or authorize use of, technical data or computer software. If, upon review of the explanation submitted, the Contracting Officer remains unable to ascertain the basis of the restrictive marking, the Contracting Officer may further request the contractor to furnish additional information in the records of, or otherwise in the possession of or reasonably available to, the contractor to justify the validity of any restrictive marking on technical data or computer software, accompanied with supporting documentation. The contractor shall submit such written data within a reasonable time after it is requested by the Contracting Officer. (2) If the Contracting Officer, after reviewing the written data furnished pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, or any other available information pertaining to the validity of a restrictive marking, determines that reasonable grounds exist to question the current validity of the marking, and that continued adherence to the marking would make impracticable the subsequent competitive acquisition of the item, component, or process to which the technical data or computer software relates, the Contracting Officer shall follow the procedures in paragraph (d) of this clause.

(3) If the contractor fails to respond to the Contracting Officer's request for information under paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, and the Contracting Officer determines that continued adherence to the marking would make impracticable the subsequent competitive acquisition of the item, component, or process to which the technical data or computer software relates, the Contracting Officer may challenge the validity of the marking as described in paragraph (d) of this clause.(d) Challenge.

(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this contract concerning inspection and acceptance, if the Contracting Officer determines that a challenge to the restrictive marking is warranted, the Contracting Officer shall send a written challenge notice to the contractor or subcontractor asserting the restrictive markings. Such challenge shall:

(i) State the specific grounds for challenging the asserted restriction;

(ii) Require a response within sixty (60) days justifying and providing sufficient evidence as to the current validity of the asserted restriction;

(iii) State that a Contracting Officer's final decision, issued pursuant to paragraph (f) of this clause, sustaining the validity of a restrictive marking identical to the asserted restriction, within the three-year period preceding the challenge, shall serve as justification for the asserted restriction if the validated restriction was asserted by the same contractor or subcontractor (or any licensee of such contractor or subcontractor to which such notice is being provided); and

(iv) State that failure to respond to the challenge notice may result in issuance of a final decision pursuant to paragraph (e) of this clause.

(2) The Contracting Officer shall extend the time for response if the contractor or subcontractor submits a written request showing the need for additional time to prepare a response.

(3) The contractor's or subcontractor's written response shall be considered a claim within the meaning of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, and shall be certified in the form prescribed at FAR Subpart 33.207, regardless of dollar amount.

(4) A contractor or subcontractor receiving challenges to the same restrictive markings from more than one Contracting Officer shall notify each Contracting Officer of the existence of more than one challenge. The notice shall also state which Contracting Officer initiated the first unanswered challenge. The Contracting Officer initiating the first unanswered challenge after consultation with the contractor and the other Contracting Officers, shall formulate and distribute a schedule for responding to each of the challenge notices to all interested parties. The schedule shall afford the contractor an opportunity to respond to each challenge notice. All parties will be

bound by this schedule.

(e) Final Decision When Contractor or Subcontractor Fails to Respond. When a contractor or subcontractor fails to respond to a challenge notice, other than a failure to respond to a challenge related to a commercial item, the Contracting Officer will issue a final decision to the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with the *Disputes* clause of this contract pertaining to the validity of the asserted restriction. This final decision shall be issued as soon as possible after the expiration of the time period of paragraph (d)(1)(ii) or (d)(2) of this clause. Following issuance of the final decision, the Contracting Officer will comply with the procedures in paragraphs (f)(2)(ii) through (iv) of this clause.

(f) Final Decision When the Contractor Responds.

(1) If the Contracting Officer determines that the contractor or subcontractor has justified the validity of the restrictive marking, the Contracting Officer shall issue a final decision to the contractor or subcontractor sustaining the validity of the restrictive marking, and stating that the Government will continue to be bound by the restrictive marking. This final decision shall be issued within sixty (60) days after receipt of the contractor's or subcontractor that the Government will require. The notification of a longer period will be made within sixty (60) days after receipt of the restrictive or subcontractor that the Government will require.

(2)(i) If the Contracting Officer determines that the validity of the restrictive marking is not justified, the Contracting Officer shall issue a final decision to the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with the *Disputes* clause of this contract. Notwithstanding paragraph (e) of the *Disputes* clause, the final decision shall be issued within sixty (60) days after receipt of the contractor's or subcontractor's response to the challenge notice, or within such longer period that the Contracting Officer has notified the contractor or subcontractor that the Government will require. The notification of a longer period will be made within sixty (60) days after receipt of the response to the challenge notice.

(ii) The Government agrees that it will continue to be bound by the restrictive marking for ninety (90) days from the issuance of the Contracting Officer's final decision. The contractor agrees that if it intends to file suit in the United States Claims Court, it will provide a notice of intent to file suit to the Contracting Officer within ninety (90) days from the issuance of the Contracting Officer's final decision under paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this clause. If the contractor fails to appeal, file suit, or provide a notice of intent to file suit to the Contracting Officer within the ninety-day period, the Government may cancel or ignore the restrictive markings, and the failure of the contractor to take the required action constitutes agreement with the Contracting Officer's final decision.

(iii) The Government agrees that it will continue to be bound by the restrictive marking where a notice of intent to file suit in the United States Claims Court is provided to the Contracting Officer within ninety (90) days from the issuance of the final decision under paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this clause. The Government will no longer be bound, and the contractor agrees that the Government may strike or ignore the restrictive markings, if the contractor fails to file its suit within one (1) year after issuance of the Contracting Officer final decision. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the Government agency's Director, Office of Contracts determines that urgent or compelling circumstances will not permit waiting for the filing of a suit in the United States Claims Court, the contractor agrees that the Government may, following notice to the contractor, authorize release or disclosure of the technical data or computer software. Such determination may be made at any time after issuance of the Contracting Officer final decision, and will not affect the contractor's right to damages against the United States where its restrictive markings are ultimately upheld, or to pursue other relief, if any, as may be provided by law.

(iv) The Government agrees that it will be bound by the restrictive marking where an appeal or suit is filed pursuant to the Contract Disputes Act until final disposition by an agency Board of Contract Appeals or the United States Claims Court. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the Government agency's Director, Office of Contracts determines, following notice to the contractor that urgent or compelling circumstances will not permit awaiting the decision by such Board of Contract Appeals or the United States Claims Court, the contractor agrees that the Government may authorize release or disclosure of the technical data or computer software. Such determination may be made at any time after issuance of the final decision and will not affect the contractor's right to damages against the United States where its restrictive markings are ultimately upheld, or to pursue other relief, if any, as may be provided by law. (g) Final Disposition of Appeal or Suit.

(1) If the contractor or subcontractor appeals or files suit, and if, upon final disposition of the appeal or suit, the Contracting Officer's decision is sustained:

(i) The restrictive marking on the technical data or computer software shall be struck, canceled, ignored, or corrected at the contractor's or subcontractor's expense; and

(ii) If the restrictive marking is found not to be substantially justified, the contractor or subcontractor asserting the restriction shall be liable to the Government for payment of the cost to the Government of reviewing the restrictive marking and the fees and other expenses (as defined in 28 U.S.C. 2412(d)(2)(A)) incurred by the Government in challenging the marking, unless special circumstances would make such payment unjust.

(2) If the contractor or subcontractor appeals or files suit, and if, upon final disposition of the appeal or suit, the Contracting Officer's decision is not sustained:

(i) The Government shall continue to be bound by the restrictive marking; and

(ii) The Government shall be liable to the contractor for payment of fees and other expenses (as defined in 28 U.S.C. 2412(d)(2)(A)) incurred by the contractor or subcontractor in defending the marking if the challenge by the Government is found not to have been made

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in good faith.

(h) Duration of Right to Challenge. The Government, when there are reasonable grounds, may review and challenge the validity of any restriction asserted by the contractor or subcontractor on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software delivered, to be delivered, or otherwise provided by the Contractor or subcontractor in the performance of a contract. During the period within three (3) years of final payment on a contract, or within three (3) years of delivery of the technical data or computer software to the Government, whichever is later, the Contracting Officer may review and make a written determination to challenge any restriction. The Government may, however, challenge a restriction on the release, disclosure, or use of technical data or computer software at any time if such technical data or computer software:

(1) Is publicly available;

(2) Has been furnished to the United States without restriction; or

(3) Has been otherwise made available without restriction.

(i) Decision Not to Challenge. The absence of a challenge to an asserted restriction shall not constitute "validation" under this clause. Only the Contracting Officer's final decision resolving a formal challenge by sustaining the validity of a restrictive marking, or actions of an agency Board of Contract Appeals or a court of competent jurisdiction sustaining the assertion, constitutes "validation" as addressed in 10 U.S.C. §2321.

(j) Privity of Contract. The contractor or subcontractor agrees that the Contracting Officer may transact matters under this clause directly with subcontractors at any tier that assert restrictive markings or assert restrictions on the Government's right to use, modify, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software. However, neither this clause nor any action taken by the Government under this clause shall create or imply privity of contract between the Government and subcontractors.

(k) Flowdown. The contractor or subcontractor agrees to insert this clause in contractual instruments with its subcontractors or suppliers at any tier requiring the delivery of technical data or computer software, except contractual instruments for commercial items or commercial components.

Cl.227-005 Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends (FEB 2011)

(a) The terms "limited rights," "restricted rights," "special license rights," and "Government purpose rights" are defined in the *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* clause of this contract.

(b) Technical data or computer software provided to the contractor as Government-furnished information (GFI) under this contract may be subject to restrictions on use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or further disclosure.

(1) GFI Marked with Limited or Restricted Rights Legends. The contractor shall use, modify, reproduce, perform, or display technical data received from the Government with limited rights legends, or computer software received with restricted rights legends only in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall not, without the express written permission of the party whose name appears in the legend, release or disclose such data or software to any unauthorized person. Prior to providing limited rights technical data or restricted rights computer software as GFI, the Government shall ensure that:

(i) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-005, *Protection of Information*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*; and

(ii) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-008, Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement, and Cl.227-005, Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends.

(2) GFI Marked with Government Purpose Rights Legends. The contractor shall use technical data or computer software received from the Government purpose rights legends for Government purposes only. The contractor shall not, without the express written permission of the party whose name appears in the restrictive legend, use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, or display such technical data or computer software for any commercial purpose, or disclose such data or software to a person other than its subcontractors, suppliers, or prospective subcontractors or suppliers who require the data or software to submit offers for, or perform, contracts under this contract. Prior to disclosing the data or software, the contractor shall coordinate with the Contracting Officer before requiring the persons to whom disclosure will be made to complete and sign non-disclosure agreements including the same limitations included in this paragraph.

(3) GFI Marked with Special License Rights Legends. The contractor shall use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, or display technical data or computer software received from the Government with specially negotiated license legends only as permitted in the license. Such data or software may not be released or disclosed to other persons unless permitted by the license.(c) Indemnification and Creation of Third Party Beneficiary Rights. The contractor agrees:

(1) To indemnify and hold harmless the Government, its agents, and employees from every claim or liability, including attorneys fees, court costs, and expenses, arising out of, or in any way related to, the misuse or unauthorized modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure of technical data or computer software received from the Government with restrictive legends by the contractor or any person to whom the contractor has released or disclosed such data or software; and

(2) That the party whose name appears on the restrictive legend, in addition to any other rights it may have, is a third party beneficiary who has the right of direct action against the contractor, or any person to whom the contractor has released or disclosed such data or software, for the unauthorized duplication, release, or disclosure of technical data or computer software subject to restrictive legends.

Cl.227-007 Rights in Bid or Proposal Information (JAN 2004)

(a) Definitions. The terms "technical data" and "computer software" are defined in the *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* clause of this contract.

(b) Government Rights to Contract Award. By submission of its offer, the offeror agrees that the Government:

(1) May reproduce the bid or proposal, or any portions thereof, to the extent necessary to evaluate the offer.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause, shall use information contained in the bid or proposal only for evaluational purposes and shall not disclose, directly or indirectly, such information to any person, including potential evaluators, unless that person has been authorized by the Contracting Officer to receive such information.

(c) Government Rights Subsequent to Contract Award. The contractor agrees:

(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (c)(2), (d), and (e) of this clause, the Government shall have the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose information contained in the contractor's bid or proposal within the Government.

(2) The Government's right to use, modify, reproduce, release perform, display, or disclose information that is technical data or computer software required to be delivered under this contract are determined by the *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* clause of this contract.

(d) Government-Furnished Information. The Government's rights with respect to technical data or computer software contained in the contractor's bid or proposal provided to the contractor by the Government are subject only to restrictions on use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure, if any, imposed by the developer or licensor of such data or software.
(e) Information Available Without Restrictions. The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or, disclose information contained in a bid or proposal, including technical data or computer software, and to permit others to do so, shall not be restricted in any manner if such information has been released or disclosed to the Government or to other persons without restrictions other than a release or disclosure resulting from the sale, transfer, or other assignment of interest in the information to another party, or the sale or transfer of some or all of a business entity or its assets to another party.

(f) Flowdown. The contractor shall include this clause in all subcontracts or similar contractual instruments, and require its subcontractors or suppliers to do so without alteration, except to identify the parties.

Cl.227-009 Deferred Delivery of Technical Data or Computer Software (MAY 2005)

The Government may identify technical data or computer software (as defined in clause Cl.227-001 or Cl.227-002) for deferred delivery at any time during contract performance by listing such technical data or computer software in an attachment to Section J of this contract titled "Deferred Delivery." The Government may require delivery of the items identified for deferred delivery up to three (3) years after either acceptance of all deliverables or contract termination, whichever is later. This clause will be flowed down to all subcontractors.

Cl.227-010 Deferred Ordering of Technical Data or Computer Software (FEB 2011)

(a) The Government may defer ordering technical data, computer software (as defined in clause Cl.227-001 or Cl.227-002), or other information not easily categorized (as defined in clause Cl.227-002(d) and mutually agreed to by the contractual parties) that is generated during the performance of this contract for a period of up to three (3) years after either acceptance of all deliverables or contract termination, whichever is later.

(b) The categories of technical data, computer software, and other information not easily categorized that is subject to deferred ordering under this clause are incorporated into the contract in the Contract Data Requirements List item that describes the Data Accession List attached to the contract.

(c) When the technical data, computer software, or other information not easily categorized is ordered, the contractor shall be reasonably compensated for converting the data or computer software into the prescribed form, for reproduction, and for delivery.
(d) The Government's rights to use said technical data and computer software shall be pursuant to the *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software* clause(s) of this contract (Cl.227-001 and Cl.227-002).

(e) This clause shall be flowed down to all subcontractors.

Cl.227-011 Technical Data and Computer Software: Withholding of Payment (NOV 2007)

(a) If technical data and computer software (as defined in clause Cl.227-002) specified to be delivered under this contract are not delivered within the time specified by this contract, or are deficient upon delivery (including having unauthorized restrictive markings),

the Contracting Officer shall, until such data and computer software are accepted by the Government, withhold all subsequent payments to the contractor until a reserve is established totaling (VARIABLE) [Insert "X percent of the total contract price" where "X" is a whole number between 3 and 10; or, to establish the lowest allowable withhold amount, insert: "3 percent of the total contract price or \$5 million, whichever is less"]. Payments shall not be withheld nor any other action taken pursuant to this paragraph when the Contracting Officer determines that the contractor's failure to make timely delivery or to deliver the technical data or computer software without deficiencies arises out of causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the contractor. (b) The withholding of any amount or subsequent payment to the contractor shall not be construed as a waiver of any rights accruing to the Government under this contract. Use of this clause constitutes a determination by the Contracting Officer that the limitation established by FAR Clause 52.232-9, Limitation on Withholding of Payments, shall not apply to the amount withheld under this clause.

Cl.227-015 Data Requirements (FEB 2011)

The contractor is required to deliver the data items listed on the Contract Data Requirements List, data items identified in and deliverable under any contract clause of FAR Part 52 and USG Part C52 made a part of this contract, and other data as may be specified in the Statement of Work, Statement of Objectives, Specification(s), or elsewhere in this contract.

Cl.227-018, U. S. Government Access to Interim Data License (FEB 2011)

(a) Definition. As used in this clause, *Integrated Data Environment (IDE)* means a mutually agreed to data storage and information management environment that facilitates Government and Industry information sharing and exchange, whether electronically or via hardcopy, to enable timely access and submission of information of all types and form.

(b) If the contractor provides the Government access (whether electronically, via hard copy, person-to-person exchanges, IDE, or other means) to technical data or computer software prior to the contractually scheduled delivery date, or to technical data or computer software that is not otherwise subject to delivery, the Government's access shall not constitute delivery of such technical data or computer software under this contract. Unless otherwise expressly set forth in an attachment to this contract as described in paragraph (d) of clause Cl.227-002, *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*, this clause will also apply to data that cannot easily be categorized as technical data or business data to which the Government is given access prior to delivery, or which is not otherwise subject to delivery.

(c) Subject to the restrictions set forth below, the Government may use, duplicate, and disclose such technical data or computer software within the Government in connection with the performance of this contract for such purposes as administration, evaluation, problem resolution, and technical collaboration with the contractor. The Government may disclose such technical data or computer software to its support contractors identified in clause Cl.209-006, *Enabling Clause for Prime and Support Contractor Relationships*, for these same purposes if and when the receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses Cl.209-008, *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and Cl.227-005, *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*.

(1) An additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreement may be required by the owner of the technical data or computer software, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution. The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract. All rights not granted to the Government are retained by the contractor.

(d) The Government shall not use, nor allow others to use, such technical data or computer software for the purposes of manufacturing, re-procurement, or other competitive purposes against the contractor's interest, or any other purpose not directly related to this contract. The restrictions on use and further disclosure shall not apply to technical data or computer software:

(1) Independently developed by or for the Government by persons not having access to the contractor's technical data or computer software, as evidenced in written documentation;

(2) In which the Government has otherwise acquired lawful rights in the use and further disclosure of the technical data or computer software; or

(3) Are otherwise publically available.

(e) The Government shall comply with reasonable access terms. Nothing in this clause diminishes the Government's rights under any other provision of this contract in delivered technical data or computer software.

(f) All technical data or computer software to which the Government is provided access under this clause that is not intended to be responsive to the formal contract data requirements is provided "as is," and does not give rise to any express or implied warranty. The contractor shall not be liable to the Government for any Government use or reliance on such technical data or computer software outside of the rights granted in this section.

(g) Government access under this clause shall not modify the rights and obligations of the parties with respect to technical data or computer software under the contract's termination provisions. In addition, Government access to such technical data or computer

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software resident on a contractor system does not create a "Government record" for purposes of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. §552(b)(4).

(h) The Government's rights to access, use, duplicate, and disclose technical data or computer software granted within this provision shall terminate upon earliest occurrence of any of the following events:

(1) Contractual delivery of the technical data or computer software;

(2) Termination of the contract; or

(3) The end of the period of performance of the contract.

(i) Within six months of the termination of rights hereunder, the Government shall take reasonable efforts to destroy copies of the technical data and computer software disclosed under the provisions of this clause.

(j) General Interim Access Marking Instructions.

(1) The contractor may choose how to mark (or otherwise identify) technical data or computer software that has not or will not be delivered, from the following options:

(i) With a conforming restrictive legend pursuant to clause Cl.227-002(k)(1)-(4);

(ii) With the interim access license legend specified in this clause;

(iii) With a proprietary marking; or

(iv) With a proprietary marking and interim access license legend

(2) If technical data or computer software is marked with a conforming restrictive legend pursuant to clause C1.227-002(k)(1)-(4), the Government may use that technical data or computer software in accordance with the rights specified in such legend.

(3) If the interim access license legend is used, the rights and restrictions that apply to the Government are as set forth in the interim access license provided by this clause.

(4) If technical data or computer software is marked with only proprietary markings, the Government is not bound by those proprietary markings for this contract, but must comply with the rights and restrictions of the interim access license provided by this clause.

(5) In the event a proprietary marking and interim access license legend is used, the Government is not bound by those proprietary markings for this contract, but must comply with the rights and restrictions of the interim access license provided by this clause.(k) The foregoing marking options do not prohibit the Government and contractor from establishing alternative specifically negotiated licenses and marking protocols when appropriate.

(1) U. S. Government Interim Access License Rights Markings. Technical data or computer software in which the Government is granted an interim access license provided by this clause shall be marked with the following legend:

U. S. Government Interim Access License Rights

Contract No.

Contractor Name:

Contractor Address:

The Government may use, duplicate, and disclose this technical data or computer software within the Government in connection with the performance of this contract for such purposes as administration, evaluation, problem resolution, and technical collaboration with the contractor. The Government may disclose such technical data or computer software to its support contractors for these same purposes if and when such support contractors have executed a non-disclosure agreement with the contractor, or as otherwise expressly permitted by the contractor. Any reproduction of technical data or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings.

(m) The contractor shall include this interim access license clause in all subcontracts or similar contractual instruments for noncommercial items, and require its subcontractors or suppliers to do so without alteration, except to identify the parties.

Cl.227-023 Certification Of Technical Data Conformity (OCT 1997)

(a) All technical data delivered under this contract shall be accompanied by the following written certification:

The contractor, ______, hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. ______ is complete, accurate, and complies with all requirements of the contract.

Date

Name and Title of Authorized Official

(b) The contractor shall identify, by name and title, each individual (official) authorized by the contractor to certify in writing that the technical data is complete, accurate, and complies with all requirements of the contract. The contractor hereby authorizes direct contact with the authorized individual responsible for certification of technical data. The authorized individual shall be familiar with the contractor's technical data conformity procedures and their application to the technical data to be certified and delivered.

(c) Technical data delivered under this contract may be subject to reviews by the Government during preparation and prior to acceptance. Technical data is also subject to reviews by the Government subsequent to acceptance. Such reviews may be conducted as a function ancillary to other reviews, such as in-process reviews or configuration audit reviews.

<u>Cl.227-033 Rights In Noncommercial Computer Software And Noncommercial</u> <u>Computer Software Documentation (MAR 1996):</u>

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) "Commercial computer software" means software developed or regularly used for nongovernmental purposes which:

(i) Has been sold, leased, or licensed to the public;

(ii) Has been offered for sale, lease, or license to the public;

(iii) Has not been offered, sold, leased, or licensed to the public but will be available for

commercial sale, lease, or license in time to satisfy the delivery requirements of this contract; or

(iv) Satisfies a criterion expressed in paragraph (a)(1)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this clause and would require only minor modification to meet the requirements of this contract.

(2) "Computer database" means a collection of recorded data in a form capable of being processed by a computer. The term does not include computer software.

(3) "Computer program" means a set of instructions, rules, or routines, recorded in a form that is capable of causing a computer to perform a specific operation or series of operations.

(4) "Computer software" means computer programs, source code, source code listings, object code listings, design details, algorithms, processes, flow charts, formulae, and related material that would enable the software to be reproduced, recreated, or recompiled. Computer software does not include computer databases or computer software documentation.

(5) "Computer software documentation" means owner's manuals, user's manuals, installation instructions, operating instructions, and other similar items, regardless of storage medium, that explain the capabilities of the computer software or provide instructions for using the software.

(6) "Developed" means that:

(i) A computer program has been successfully operated in a computer and tested to the extent sufficient to demonstrate to reasonable persons skilled in the art that the program can reasonably be expected to perform its intended purpose;

(ii) Computer software, other than computer programs, has been tested or analyzed to the extent sufficient to demonstrate to

reasonable persons skilled in the art that the software can reasonably be expected to perform its intended purpose; or

(iii) Computer software documentation required to be delivered under a contract has been

written, in any medium, in sufficient detail to comply with requirements under that contract.

(7) "Developed exclusively at private expense" means development was accomplished entirely with costs charged to indirect cost pools, costs not allocated to a Government contract, or any combination thereof.

(i) Private expense determinations should be made at the lowest practicable level.

(ii) Under fixed-price contracts, when total costs are greater than the firm-fixed-price or ceiling price of the contract, the additional development costs necessary to complete development shall not be considered when determining whether development was at Government, private, or mixed expense.

(8) "Developed exclusively with Government funds" means development was not accomplished exclusively or partially at private expense.

(9) "Developed with mixed funding" means development was accomplished partially with costs charged to indirect cost pools and/or costs not allocated to a Government contract, and partially with costs charged directly to a Government contract.

(10) "Government purpose" means any activity in which the United States Government is a party, including cooperative agreements with international or multi-national defense

organizations or sales or transfers by the United States Government to foreign governments or international organizations. Government

purposes include competitive procurement, but do not include the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose computer software or computer software documentation for commercial purposes or authorize others to do so.

(11) "Government purpose rights" means the rights to:

(i) Use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose computer software or computer software documentation within the Government without restriction; and

(ii) Release or disclose computer software or computer software documentation outside the Government and authorize persons to whom release or disclosure has been made to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose the software or documentation for United States Government purposes.

(12) "Minor modification" means a modification that does not significantly alter the nongovernmental function or purpose of the software or is of the type customarily provided in the commercial marketplace.

(13) "Noncommercial computer software" means software that does not qualify as commercial computer software under paragraph (a)(1) of this clause.

(14) "Restricted rights" apply only to noncommercial computer software and mean the

Government's rights to:

(i) Use a computer program with one computer at a time. The program may not be accessed by more than one terminal or central processing unit or time shared unless otherwise permitted by this contract;

(ii) Transfer a computer program to another Government agency without the further permission of the contractor if the transferor destroys all copies of the program and related computer software documentation in its possession and notifies the licensor of the transfer. Transferred programs remain subject to the provisions of this clause;

(iii) Make the minimum number of copies of the computer software required for safekeeping (archive), backup, or modification purposes;

(iv) Modify computer software provided that the Government may:

(A) Use the modified software only as provided in paragraphs (a)(14)(i) and (iii) of this clause; and

(B) Not release or disclose the modified software except as provided in paragraphs (a)(14)(ii),

(v) and (vi) of this clause;

(v) Permit contractors or subcontractors performing service contracts (see 37.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation) in support of this or a related contract to use computer software to diagnose and correct deficiencies in a computer program, to modify computer software to enable a computer program to be combined with, adapted to, or merged with other computer programs or when necessary to respond to urgent tactical situations, provided that:

(A) The Government notifies the party which has granted restricted rights that a release or disclosure to particular contractors or subcontractors was made;

(B) Such contractors or subcontractors are subject to the use and non-disclosure agreement at C27.7103-7 of the U. S. Government Acquisition Manual (USG) or are Government contractors receiving access to the software for performance of a Government contract that contains Cl.227-019, Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends;

 (C) The Government shall not permit the recipient to de-compile, disassemble, or reverse engineer the software, or use software de-compiled, disassembled, or reverse engineered by the Government pursuant to paragraph (a)(14)(iv) of this clause, for any other purpose; and

(D) Such use is subject to the limitation in paragraph (a)(14)(i) of this clause; and

(vi) Permit contractors or subcontractors performing emergency repairs or overhaul of items or components of items procured under this or a related contract to use the computer software when necessary to perform the repairs or overhaul, or to modify the computer software to reflect the repairs or overhaul made, provided that:

(A) The intended recipient is subject to the use and non-disclosure agreement at C27.7103-7 or is a Government contractor receiving access to the software for performance of a Government contract that contains Cl.227-019, Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends; and

(B) The Government shall not permit the recipient to de-compile, disassemble, or reverse

engineer the software, or use software de-compiled, disassembled, or reverse engineered by the Government pursuant to paragraph (a)(14)(iv) of this clause, for any other purpose.

(15) "Unlimited rights" means rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose computer software or computer software documentation in whole or in part, in any manner and for any purpose whatsoever, and to have or authorize others to do so.

(b) Rights in computer software or computer software documentation. The contractor grants or shall obtain for the Government the following royalty free, world-wide, nonexclusive, irrevocable license rights in noncommercial computer software or computer software documentation. All rights not granted to the Government are retained by the contractor.

(1) Unlimited rights. The Government shall have unlimited rights in:

(i) Computer software developed exclusively with Government funds;

(ii) Computer software documentation required to be delivered under this contract;

(iii) Corrections or changes to computer software or computer software documentation

furnished to the contractor by the Government;

(iv) Computer software or computer software documentation that is otherwise publicly available or has been released or disclosed by the contractor or subcontractor without restriction on further use, release or disclosure, other than a release or disclosure resulting from the sale, transfer, or other assignment of interest in the software to another party or the sale or transfer of some or all of a business entity or its assets to another party;

(v) Computer software or computer software documentation obtained with unlimited rights under another Government contract or as a result of negotiations; or

(vi) Computer software or computer software documentation furnished to the Government, under this or any other Government contract or subcontract thereunder with:

(A) Restricted rights in computer software, limited rights in technical data, or Government purpose license rights and the restrictive conditions have expired; or

(B) Government purpose rights and the contractor's exclusive right to use such software or documentation for commercial purposes has expired.

(2) Government purpose rights.

(i) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the Government shall have Government purpose rights in computer software development with mixed funding.

(ii) Government purpose rights shall remain in effect for a period of five years unless a different period has been negotiated. Upon expiration of the five-year or other negotiated period, the Government shall have unlimited rights in the computer software or computer software documentation. The Government purpose rights period shall commence upon execution of the contract, subcontract, letter contract (or similar contractual instrument), contract modification, or option exercise that required development of the computer software.

(iii) The Government shall not release or disclose computer software in which it has

Government purpose rights to any other person unless:

(A) Prior to release or disclosure, the intended recipient is subject to the use and non-disclosure agreement at C27.7103-7; or

(B) The recipient is a Government contractor receiving access to the software or documentation for performance of a Government contract that contains Cl.227-019, Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends.

(3) Restricted rights.

(i) The Government shall have restricted rights in noncommercial computer software required to be delivered or otherwise provided to the Government under this contract that were developed exclusively at private expense.

(ii) The contractor, its subcontractors, or suppliers are not required to provide the Government additional rights in noncommercial software delivered or otherwise provided to the Government with restricted rights. However, if the Government desires to obtain additional rights in such software, the contractor agrees to promptly enter into negotiations with the Contracting Officer to determine whether there are acceptable terms for transferring such rights. All noncommercial computer software in which the contractor has granted the Government additional rights shall be listed or described in a license agreement made part of the contract (see paragraph (b)(4) of this

clause). The license shall enumerate the additional rights granted the Government.

(4) Specifically negotiated license rights.

(i) The standard license rights granted to the Government under paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(3) of this clause, including the period during which the Government shall have Government purpose rights in computer software, may be modified by mutual agreement to provide such rights as the parties consider appropriate but shall not provide the Government lesser rights in computer software than are enumerated in paragraph (a)(14) of this clause or lesser rights in computer software documentation than are enumerated in paragraph (a)(13) of the Rights in Technical Data: Noncommercial Items clause of this contract.

(ii) Any rights so negotiated shall be identified in a license agreement made part of this contract.

(5) Prior Government rights. Computer software or computer software documentation that will be delivered, furnished or otherwise provided to the Government under this contract, in which the Government has previously obtained rights shall be delivered, furnished, or provided with the pre-existing rights, unless:

(i) The parties have agreed otherwise; or

(ii) Any restrictions on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose the data have expired or no longer apply.

(6) Release from liability. The contractor agrees to release the Government from liability for any release or disclosure of computer software made in accordance with paragraph (a)(14) or (b)(2)(iii) of this clause, in accordance with the terms of a license negotiated under paragraph (b)(4) of this clause, or by others to whom the recipient has released or disclosed the software, and to seek relief solely from the party who has improperly used, modified, reproduced, released, performed, displayed, or disclosed contractor software marked with restrictive legends.

(c) Rights in derivative computer software or computer software documentation. The

Government shall retain its rights in unchanged portions of any computer software or computer software documentation delivered under this contract that the contractor uses to prepare, or includes in, derivative computer software or computer software documentation.

(d) Third party copyrighted computer software or computer software documentation. The

contractor shall not, without the written approval of the Contracting Officer, incorporate any copyrighted computer software or computer software documentation in the software or documentation to be delivered under this contract unless the contractor is the copyright owner or has obtained for the Government the license rights necessary to perfect a license or licenses in the deliverable software or documentation of the appropriate scope set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause, and prior to delivery of such: (1) Computer software, has provided a statement of the license rights obtained in a form

acceptable to the Contracting Officer; or

(2) Computer software documentation, has affixed to the transmittal document a statement of the license rights obtained.

(e) Identification and delivery of computer software and computer software documentation to be furnished with restrictions on use, release, or disclosure.

(1) This paragraph does not apply to restrictions based solely on copyright.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (e)(3) of this clause, computer software that the contractor asserts should be furnished to the Government with restrictions on use, release, or disclosure is identified in an attachment to this contract (the Attachment). The contractor shall not deliver any software with restrictive markings unless the software is listed on the Attachment.

(3) In addition to the assertions made in the Attachment, other assertions may be identified after award when based on new information or inadvertent omissions unless the inadvertent omissions would have materially affected the source selection decision. Such identification and assertion shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer as soon as practicable prior to the scheduled data for delivery of the software, in the following format, and signed by an official authorized to contractually obligate the contractor. Identification and Assertion of Restrictions on the Government's Use, Release, or Disclosure of Computer Software. The contractor asserts for itself, or the persons identified below, that the Government's right to use, release, or disclose the following computer software should be restricted:

(1) Generally, development at private expense, either exclusively or partially, is the only basis for asserting restrictions on the Government's rights to use, release, or disclose computer software.

(2) Indicate whether development was exclusively or partially at private expense. If development was not at private expense, enter the specific reason for asserting that the Government's rights should be restricted.

(3) Enter asserted rights category (e.g., restricted or Government purpose rights in computer software, Government purpose license rights from a prior contract, or specifically negotiated licenses).

(4) Corporation, individual, or other person, as appropriate.

Date	
Printed Name and Title	
Signature	

(End of identification and assertion)

(4) When requested by the Contracting Officer, the contractor shall provide sufficient

information to enable the Contracting Officer to evaluate the contractor's assertions. The

Contracting Officer reserves the right to add the contractor's assertions to the Attachment and validate any listed assertion, at a later date, in accordance with the procedures of the Validation of Asserted Restrictions: Computer Software clause of this contract.

(f) Marcing requirements. The contractor, and its subcontractors or suppliers, may only assert restrictions on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose computer software by marking the deliverable software or documentation subject to restriction. Except as provided in paragraph (f)(5) of this clause, only the following legends are authorized under this contract; the Government purpose rights legend at paragraph (f)(2) of this clause; the restricted rights legend at paragraph (f)(3) of this clause; or the special license rights legend at paragraph (f)(4) of this clause; and/or a notice of copyright as prescribed under 17 U.S.C. 401 or 402.

(1) General marking instructions. The contractor, or its subcontractors or suppliers, shall

conspicuously and legibly mark the appropriate legend on all computer software that qualify for such markings. The authorized legends shall be placed on the transmitted document or software storage container and each page, or portions thereof, of printed material containing computer software for which restrictions are asserted. Computer software transmitted directly from one computer or computer terminal to another shall contain a notice of asserted restrictions. However, instructions that interfere with or delay the operation of computer software in order to display a restrictive rights legend or other license statement at any time prior to or during use of the computer software, or otherwise cause such interference or delay, shall not be inserted in software that will or might be used in combat or situations that simulate combat conditions, unless the Contracting Officer's written permission to deliver such software has been obtained

prior to delivery. Reproductions of computer software or any portions thereof subject to asserted restrictions, shall also reproduce the asserted restrictions.

(2) Government purpose rights markings. Computer software delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government with Government purpose rights shall be marked as follows: GOVERNMENT PURPOSE RIGHTS

OOVERIMPENT I	UKI USE KIOITIS
Contract No.	
Contractor Name	

Contractor Address

Expiration Date

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose this software are restricted by paragraph (b)(2) of the Rights in Noncommercial Computer Software and Noncommercial Computer Software Documentation clause contained in the above identified contract. No restrictions apply after the expiration date shown above. Any reproduction of the software or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings.

(End of legend)

(3) Restricted rights markings. Software delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government with restricted rights shall be marked with the following legend:

RESTRICTED RIGHTS

Contract No.

Contractor Name

Contractor Address

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose this software are restricted by paragraph (b)(3) of the Rights in Noncommercial Computer Software and Noncommercial Computer Software Documentation clause contained in the above identified contract. Any reproduction of computer software or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings. Any person, other than the Government, who has been provided access to such software must promptly notify the above named contractor.

(End of legend)

(4) Special license rights markings.

(i) Computer software or computer documentation in which the Government's rights stem from a specifically negotiated license shall be marked with the following legend:

SPECIAL LICENSE RIGHTS

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose this software are restricted by Contract No. ______ (Insert contract number), License No. ______ (Insert license identifier) ______. Any reproduction of computer software, computer software documentation, or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings.

(End of legend)

(ii) For purposes of this clause, special licenses do not include Government purpose license rights acquired under a prior contract (see paragraph (b)(5) of this clause).

(5) Pre-existing markings. If the terms of a prior contract or license permitted the contractor to restrict the Government's rights to use, modify, release, perform, display, or disclose computer software or computer software documentation and those restrictions are still applicable, the contractor may mark such software or documentation with the appropriate restrictive legend for which the software qualified under the prior contract or license. The marking procedures in paragraph (f)(1) of this clause shall be followed.

(g) Contractor procedures and records. Throughout performance of this contract, the contractor and its subcontractors or suppliers that will deliver computer software or computer software documentation with other than unlimited rights, shall:

(1) Have, maintain, and follow written procedures sufficient to assure that restrictive markings are used only when authorized by the terms of this clause; and

(2) Maintain records sufficient to justify the validity of any restrictive markings on computer software or computer software documentation delivered under this contract.

(h) Removal of unjustified and nonconforming markings.

(1) Unjustified computer software or computer software documentation markings. The rights and obligations of the parties regarding the validation of restrictive markings on computer software or computer software documentation furnished or to be furnished under this contract are contained in the Validation of Asserted Restrictions: Computer Software and the Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data clauses of this contract, respectively. Notwithstanding any provision of this contract concerning inspection and acceptance, the Government may ignore or, at the contractor's expense, correct or strike a marking if, in accordance with the procedures of those clauses, a restrictive marking is determined to be unjustified.

(2) Nonconforming computer software or computer software documentation markings. A nonconforming marking is a marking placed on computer software or computer software

documentation delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government under this contract that is not in the format authorized by this contract. Correction of nonconforming markings is not subject to the Validation of Asserted Restrictions: Computer Software or the Validation of Restrictive Makings on Technical Data clause of this contract. If the Contracting Officer notifies the contractor of a nonconforming markings and the contractor fails to remove or correct such markings within sixty (60) days, the Government may ignore or, at the contractor's expense, remove or correct any nonconforming markings.

(i) Relation to patents. Nothing contained in this clause shall imply a license to the Government under any patent or be construed as affecting the scope of any license or other right otherwise granted to the Government under any patent.

(j) Limitation on charges for rights in computer software or computer software documentation.

(1) The contractor shall not charge to this contract any cost, including but not limited to license fees, royalties, or similar charges, for rights in computer software or computer software documentation to be delivered under this contract when:(i) The Government has acquired, by any means, the same or greater rights in the software or documentation; or(ii) The software or documentation are available to the public without restrictions.

(2) The limitation in paragraph (j)(1) of this clause:

(i) Includes costs charged by a subcontractor or supplier, at any tier, or costs incurred by the contractor to acquire rights in subcontractor or supplier computer software or computer software documentation, if the subcontractor or supplier has been paid for such rights under any other Government contract or under a license conveying the rights to the Government; and
(ii) Does not include the reasonable costs of reproducing, handling, or mailing the documents or other media in which the software or documentation will be delivered.

(k) Applicability to subcontractors or suppliers.

(1) Whenever any noncommercial computer software or computer software documentation is to be obtained from a subcontractor or supplier for delivery to the Government under this contract, the contractor shall use this same clause in its subcontracts or other contractual instruments, and require its subcontractors or suppliers to do so, without alteration, except to identify the parties. No other clause shall be used to enlarge or diminish the Government's, the contractor's, or a higher tier subcontractor's or supplier's rights in a subcontractor's or supplier's computer software or computer software documentation.

(2) The contractor and higher tier subcontractors or suppliers shall not use their power to award contracts as economic leverage to obtain rights in computer software or computer software documentation from their subcontractors or suppliers.

(3) The contractor shall ensure that subcontractor or supplier rights are recognized and protected in the identification, assertion, and delivery processes required by paragraph (e) of this clause.

(4) In no event shall the contractor use its obligation to recognize and protect subcontractor or supplier rights in computer software or computer software documentation as an excuse for failing to satisfy its contractual obligation to the Government.

Cl.227-035 Validation Of Asserted Restrictions: Computer Software (MAR 1996):

(a) Definitions.

(1) As used in this clause unless otherwise specifically indicated, the term "contractor" means the contractor and its subcontractors or suppliers.

(2) Other terms used in this clause are defined in the Rights in Noncommercial Computer Software and Noncommercial Computer Software Documentation clause of this contract.

(b) Justification. The contractor shall maintain records sufficient to justify the validity of any markings that assert restrictions on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, perform, display, release, or disclose computer software delivered or required to be delivered under this contract and shall be prepared to furnish to the Contracting Officer a written justification for such restrictive markings in response to a request for information under paragraph (d) or a challenge under paragraph (f) of this clause.

(c) Direct contact with subcontractors or suppliers. The contractor agrees that the Contracting Officer may transact matters under this

clause directly with subcontractors or suppliers at any tier who assert restrictions on the Government's right to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose computer software. Neither this clause, nor any action taken by the Government under this clause, creates or implies privity of contract between the Government and the contractor's subcontractors or suppliers.

(d) Requests for information.

(1) The Contracting Officer may request the contractor to provide sufficient information to enable the Contracting Officer to evaluate the contractor's asserted restrictions. Such

information shall be based upon the records required by this clause or other information reasonably available to the contractor.

(2) Based upon the information provided, if the:

(i) Contractor agrees that an asserted restriction is not valid, the Contracting Officer may:

(A) Strike or correct the unjustified marking at the contractor's expense; or

(B) Return the computer software to the contractor for correction at the contractor's expense. If the contractor fails to correct or strike the unjustified restrictions and return the corrected software to the Contracting Officer within sixty (60) days following receipt of the software, the Contracting Officer may correct the strike the markings at the contractor's expense.

(ii) Contracting Officer concludes that the asserted restriction is appropriate for this contract, the Contracting Officer shall so notify the contractor in writing.

(3) The contractor's failure to provide a timely response to a Contracting Officer's request for information or failure to provide sufficient information to enable the Contracting Officer to evaluate an asserted restriction shall constitute reasonable grounds for questioning the validity of an asserted restriction.

(e) Government right to challenge and validate asserted restrictions.

(1) The Government, when there are reasonable grounds to do so, has the right to review and challenge the validity of any restrictions asserted by the contractor on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose computer software delivered, to be delivered under this contract, or otherwise provided to the Government in the performance of this contract. Except for software that is publicly available, has been furnished to the Government without restrictions, or has been otherwise made available without restrictions, the Government may exercise this right only within three years after the date(s) the software is delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government, or three years following final payment under this contract, whichever is later.

(2) The absence of a challenge to an asserted restriction shall not constitute validation under this clause. Only a Contracting Officer's final decision or actions of an agency Board of Contract Appeals or a court of competent jurisdiction that sustain the validity of an asserted restriction constitute validation of the restriction.

(f) Challenge procedures.

(1) A challenge must be in writing and shall:

(i) State the specific grounds for challenging the asserted restriction;

(ii) Require the contractor to respond within sixty (60) days;

(iii) Require the contractor to provide justification for the assertion based upon records kept in accordance with paragraph (b) of this clause and such other documentation that are reasonably available to the contractor, in sufficient detail to enable the Contracting Officer to determine the validity of the asserted restrictions; and

(iv) State that a Contracting Officer's final decision, during the three-year period preceding this challenge, or action of a court of competent jurisdiction or Board of Contract Appeals that sustained the validity of an identical assertion made by the contractor (or a licensee) shall serve as justification for the asserted restriction.

(2) The Contracting Officer shall extend the time for response if the contractor submits a written request showing the need for additional time to prepare a response.

(3) The Contracting Officer may request additional supporting documentation if, in the

Contracting Officer's opinion, the contractor's explanation does not provide sufficient evidence to justify the validity of the asserted restrictions. The contractor agrees to promptly respond to the Contracting Officer's request for additional supporting documentation.

(4) Notwithstanding challenge by the Contracting Officer, the parties may agree on the

disposition of an asserted restriction at any time prior to a Contracting Officer's final decision or, if the contractor has appealed that decision, filed suit, or provided notice of an intent to file suit, at any time prior to a decision by a court of competent jurisdiction or Board of Contract Appeals.

(5) If the contractor fails to respond to the Contracting Officer's request for information or additional information under paragraph (f)(1) of this clause, the Contracting Officer shall issue a final decision, in accordance with the "Disputes" clause of this contract, pertaining to the validity of the asserted restriction.

(6) If the Contracting Officer, after reviewing the written explanation furnished pursuant to paragraph (f)(1) of this clause, or any other available information pertaining to the validity of an asserted restriction, determines that the asserted restriction has:
(i) Not been justified, the Contracting Officer shall issue promptly a final decision, in accordance with the "Disputes" clause of this contract, denying the validity of the asserted restriction; or
(ii) Been justified, the Contracting Officer shall issue promptly a final decision, in accordance with the "Disputes" clause of this contract, denying the validity of the asserted restriction; or
(ii) Been justified, the Contracting Officer shall issue promptly a final decision, in accordance with the "Disputes" clause of this contract, validating the asserted restriction.

(7) A contractor receiving challenges to the same asserted restriction(s) from more than one Contracting Officer shall notify each Contracting Officer of the other challenges. The notice shall also state which Contracting Officer initiated the first in time unanswered challenge. The Contracting Officer who initiated the first in time unanswered challenge, after consultation with the other Contracting Officers who have challenged the restrictions and the contractor, shall formulate and distribute a schedule that provides the contractor a reasonable opportunity for responding to each challenge.

(g) Contractor appeal: Government obligation.

(1) The Government agrees that, notwithstanding a Contracting Officer's final decision denying the validity of an asserted restriction and except as provided in paragraph (g)(3) of this clause, it will honor the asserted restriction:

(i) For a period of ninety (90) days from the date of the Contracting Officer's final decision to allow the contractor to appeal to the appropriate Board of Contract Appeals or to file suit in an appropriate court;

(ii) For a period of one year from the date of the Contracting Officer's final decision if, within the first ninety (90) days following the Contracting Officer's final decision, the contractor has provided notice of an intent to file suit in an appropriate court; or

(iii) Until final disposition by the appropriate Board of Contract Appeals or court of competent jurisdiction, if the contractor has:

(A) Appealed to the Board of Contract Appeals or files suit an appropriate court within ninety (90) days; or

(B) Submitted, within ninety (90) days, a notice of intent to file suit in an appropriate court and filed suit within one year.

(2) The contractor agrees that the Government may strike, correct, or ignore the restrictive markings if the contractor fails to:

(i) Appeal to a Board of Contract Appeals within ninety (90) days from the date of the

Contracting Officer's final decision;

(ii) File suit in an appropriate court within ninety (90) days from such date; or

(iii) File suit within one year after the date of the Contracting Officer's final decision if the contractor had provided notice of intent to file suit within ninety (90) days following the date of the Contracting Officer's final decision.

(3) The agency head, on a nondelegable basis, may determine that urgent or compelling

circumstances do not permit awaiting the filing of suit in an appropriate court, or the rendering of a decision by a court of competent jurisdiction or Board of Contract Appeals. In that event, the agency head shall notify the contractor of the urgent or compelling circumstances. Notwithstanding paragraph (g)(1) of this clause, the contractor agrees that the agency may use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose computer software marked with:

(i) Government purpose legends for any purpose, and authorize others to do so; or

(ii) Restricted or special license rights for Government purposes only. The Government agrees not to release or disclose such software unless, prior to release or disclosure, the intended recipient is subject to the use and non-disclosure agreement at C27.7103-7 of the U. S. Government Acquisition Manual (USG), or is a Government contractor receiving access to the software for performance of a Government contract that contains Cl.227-019, Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends. The agency head's determination may be made at any time after the date of the Contracting Officer's final decision and shall not affect the contractor's right to damages against the United States, or other relief provided by law, if its asserted restrictions are ultimately upheld.

(h) Final disposition of appeal or suit. If the contractor appeals or files suit and if, upon final disposition of the appeal or suit, the Contracting Officer's decision is:

(1) Sustained:

(i) Any restrictive marking on such computer software shall be struck or corrected at the contractor's expense or ignored; and

(ii) If the asserted restriction is found not to be substantially justified, the contractor shall be liable to the Government for payment of the cost to the Government or reviewing the asserted restriction and the fees and other expenses (as defined in 28 U.S.C. 2412(d)(2)(A)) incurred by the Government in challenging the restriction, unless special circumstances would make such payment unjust.

(2) Not sustained:

(i) The Government shall be bound by the asserted restriction; and

(ii) If the challenge by the Government is found not to have been made in good faith, the

Government shall be liable to the contractor for payment of fees and other expenses (as defined in 28 U.S.C. 2412(d)(2)(A)) incurred by the contractor in defending the restriction.

(i) Flowdown. The contractor shall insert this clause in all contracts, purchase orders, and other similar instruments with its subcontractors or suppliers, at any tier, who will be furnishing computer software to the Government in the performance of this contract. The clause may not be altered other than to identify the appropriate parties.

Cl.227-036 DATA REQUIREMENTS (MAR 1996):

The contractor is required to deliver only the data items listed on the Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL) and data items identified in and deliverable under any contract clause of FAR Subpart 52.2 and USG Subpart Cl.2 made a part of the contract.

Cl.228-003 Accident Reporting And Investigation Involving Aircraft, Missiles, And Space Launch Vehicles (MAR 1996):

(a) The contractor shall report promptly to the Administrative Contracting Officer all pertinent facts relating to each accident involving an aircraft, missile, or space launch vehicle being manufactured, modified, repaired, or overhauled in connection with this contract.

(b) If the Government conducts an investigation of the accident, the contractor will cooperate and assist the Government's personnel until the investigation is complete.

(c) The contractor will include a clause in subcontracts under this contract to require subcontractor cooperation and assistance in accident investigations.

Cl.234-002 Earned Value Management System (JAN 1998):

(a) In the performance of this contract, the contractor shall use an earned value management system (EVMS) meeting the Industry Standard Guidelines for Earned Value Management (EVM) contained in U. S. Government Directive 82-3.

(b) If the contractor has an EVMS that has been recognized as complying with the EVMS guidelines (or a Government-validated cost/schedule control system (C/SCS)), the contractor shall apply the system to this contract within 60 calendar days after contract award or as otherwise agreed to by the parties.

(c) If the contractor does not have an EVMS that has been recognized by the Government as complying with EVMS guidelines (or does not have an existing C/SCS that has been validated by the Government), the contractor shall be prepared to demonstrate to the Government that their EVMS complies with the Industry Standard Guidelines for EVM.

(d) Proposed changes to a contractor's validated EVM S affecting multiple U. S. Government contracts must be approved in advance of implementation by the U. S. Government EVM Focal Point. The contractor shall submit all such changes to the following address, and will be notified by the U. S. Government EVM Focal Point as to the acceptability of the changes within 30 calendar days:

EVM Focal Point, Acquisition Center of Excellence U. S. Government (address)

(e) Proposed changes to a validated EVMS affecting a single U. S. Government contract must be approved in advance of implementation by the Contracting Officer unless a waiver is granted by that officer. The contractor shall submit these changes to the

Contracting Officer who will advise the contractor of the acceptability of such changes within 30 calendar days after receipt of the notice of proposed changes. If the advance approval requirements are waived by the Contracting Officer, the contractor shall disclose EVMS changes to the Contracting Officer at least 14 calendar days prior to the effective date of implementation.

(f) The contractor will be required to participate in integrated baseline reviews (IBR). The IBR is a joint (Government and contractor) technical review of baseline sufficiency using EVM methods, procedures, and practices. The Government and the contractor will assess areas such as the contractor's planning to ensure complete coverage of the statement of work, logical scheduling of work activities, adequate resourcing, and identification of inherent risks. The Government may require an IBR within a reasonable period of time after (1) contract award,

(2) exercise of significant contract options, and

(3) incorporation of major modifications.

(g) The contractor agrees to provide access to all pertinent records and data requested by the Contracting Officer or duly authorized representative(s). Access is to permit Government surveillance to ensure that the EVMS complies, and continues to comply, with the guidelines referenced in paragraph (a) of this clause.

(h) The contractor shall direct those subcontractors required to apply EVMS guidelines to comply with the requirements of this clause.

Cl.244-002, Ssibcontract Reporting, Monitoring, and Consent Alternate 1 (SEP 2009)

(a) Definition. As used in this clause:

Subcontract means any contract or contractual action entered into by the prime contractor or a subcontractor for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under this contract. It includes, but is not limited to purchase orders, transfers of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a contractor or subcontractor, and work performed within a company but outside the main location, division, or facility under an Intra-Work Transfer Agreement (IWTA), Intra-Divisional Work Agreement (IDWA), Assist Work Authorization (AWA), or other similar arrangement.

Subcontractor means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnishes supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under this contract or a subcontract entered into in connection with this contract, regardless of dollar value.

(b) Flow-Down. The requirements of this clause must be included in all subcontracts directly chargeable to this contract, except for those subcontracts with US-owned companies to provide only unclassified commercial products and/or services on a fixed-price basis. (c) Reporting. The prime contractor shall submit an annual report of all subcontracts directly chargeable to this contract by 30 June each year, and a final close-out report within 90 days after contract completion. Individual fixed-price subcontracts under \$5,000 with US-owned companies to provide unclassified commercial products and/or services that will not be incorporated into a contract deliverable (e.g., office supplies, travel, postage) need not be reported. Reports will be electronically uploaded into the Subcontractor Reporting Application on the Contractor Wide-Area Network (CWAN). Prime contractors without CWAN access will prepare their reports using a special Excel spreadsheet, and submit via email. Each subcontract report must include the following information in the format specified in the Subcontract Reporting Application and in the Excel spreadsheet:

- Prime Contract Number
- Subcontractor Tier
- Subcontract Security Classification
- Relationship Between Prime Contractor and Subcontractor
- Subcontractor Business Name, Full Address, and Country
- Subcontractor Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number
- Subcontractor Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) Code
- Subcontractor Business Type
- Subcontractor Country of Ownership
- Subcontractor's Parent Company
- DUNS Number of Company Awarding Subcontract
- Subcontract Number
- Subcontract Value (Cumulative to Date)
- Subcontract Period of Performance
- Subcontract Place of Performance (City, State, Country)
- Brief Description of Subcontract Effort
- Primary Subcontract Type
- Method Used to Select Subcontractor (Competitive or Sole-Source)

(d) Monitoring. The prime contractor shall prepare a Subcontractor Monitoring Strategy (SMS) specific to this contract and submit a

draft to the Contracting Officer for review and approval within 90 days after contract award, or as stipulated in writing by the Contracting Officer. This document must include a process for notifying the Contracting Officer and Contracting Officers Technical Representative in advance of each significant test, meeting, review, and event at the prime and subcontractor level. It must also address the requirements listed in, *Subcontract Monitoring Strategy Matrix*, a completed copy of which must be submitted to the Contracting Officer with each new or revised SMS The parties agree that the Government shall have the right to:

(1) Review all documentation pertaining to source selections or other competitive sourcing activities, fact-finding, and negotiation sessions with or for subcontractors or potential subcontractors;

(2) Observe any subcontractor test, verification, validation, shipment, or similar event; and

(3) Attend any subcontractor design review, milestone review, program review, or similar event. Unless expressly agreed to by the prime contractor and the Contracting Officer, the Government will not require a subcontractor event to be rescheduled due to the Government's inability to attend.

(e) Consent. The Government asserts its right for consent to subcontract on this contract.

(1) Consent from the Contracting Officer in accordance with FAR Subpart 44.2, is required before awarding any subcontract exceeding \$50 million.

(2) The Contracting Officer's written consent is required before awarding any subcontract that will exceed \$3 million or five percent of prime contract value, whichever is less, to a company listed on the U. S. Government Subcontract Consent Registry. The Registry is posted on the classified U. S. Government Acquisition Research Center (ARC) website (http://arc.npa.gov/). Contractors without access to this website can ask the Contracting Officer to identify the listed companies.

(3) All requests for consent to subcontract must be submitted in writing, and provide the information specified in FAR Clause 52.244-2(e), as well as evidence that the company meets the standards of responsibility defined in FAR 9.104 and C9.104-2.

(f) Privity. Government collection of subcontract information, surveillance of subcontractor performance, and consent to subcontract do not relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the effective management of all subcontracts and for the overall success of this contract. Actions taken under the authority of this clause do not establish privity of contract between the Government and subcontractors under this contract. The Government will not provide direction to or request action by any subcontractor except through the prime. However, all subcontractors must respond to direct requests for information from the Government, either directly or through the prime.

(g) Security. The Government reserves the right to direct the removal of any subcontractor under this contract on the basis of Government security concerns. The contractor shall be responsible for any lack of due diligence or negligence in the selection of a subcontractor, and will not be entitled to an equitable adjustment if the Contracting Officer determines that the Government's need to remove the contractor for security reasons is the fault of the contractor or subcontractor.

Cl.245-001 Contract Accountable Government Property: Responsibilities, Use, Reporting, and Administration (JAN 2010)

(a) General Requirements. The contractor shall maintain adequate property control procedures, records, and a system of identification for all Government property accountable to this contract in accordance with FAR Part 45 and USG Part C45. The terms "Government property," "contract accountable property," "Government equipment," and "contractor-acquired property/material" are used interchangeably and equally within this clause. All items provided to the contractor, including equipment, and facilities are equally considered to be Government property.

(b) Property Analyst. The Contracting Officer has delegated property administration authority to an U. S. Government Property Analyst. A listing of the Property Analysts assigned to each U. S. Government contract is posted on the Office of Contracts Homepage on the U. S. Government contractor wide-area network (CWAN).

(c) Contractor Property Representatives. The contractor shall provide the name, address, and telephone number of the company official responsible for establishing and maintaining control of Government property under this contract to the Contracting Officer and the assigned U. S. Government Property Analyst within thirty (30) days after receipt of this contract.

(d) Government Property List. The Government Property List in Section J of this contract identifies all Government-owned items and information available to the contractor on a no-charge-for-use basis for performance of this contract, and the dates of availability. The Contracting Officer will update the list as changes occur so that it always reflects all the Government property authorized for transfer to the contractor, whether or not actually transferred. The inventory of Government property accountable to the contract resides in the Consolidated Contractor Database (CCD), based on the contractor's quarterly property reports. The contractor must obtain approval of the Contracting Officer or designee before property transfers occur, except for property with a unit cost less than \$10,000 transferred within an approved Material Management and Accounting System (MMAS). Transfers between contracts must be documented in a DD Form 250, DD Form 1149, Contracting Officer letter, contract modification, or email. This documentation shall serve as the only record necessary to document transfers.

(e) Government Property Accountable to Other U. S. Government Contracts. The contractor may use any Government property accountable to other U. S. Government contracts in their possession for the performance of this contract on a rent-free, non-interference basis after notifying in writing the Contracting Officer of the other contract unless such use is specifically prohibited by that Contracting Officer. Use is authorized on the basis that it will not interfere with contractor performance of the U. S. Government

contractors.

contracts under which the property was originally furnished or acquired. The contractor may use Government property in their possession accountable to non-U. S. Government contracts if the Contracting Officer of the other contracts provides written authorization of their approval for use. Such use shall be on a rent-free, non-interference basis. Use is authorized on the basis that it will not interfere with performance of the Government contracts under which the property was originally furnished or acquired, and such use shall be in accordance with the terms and conditions of those contracts as well as the appropriate Contracting Officer's approval letter. This paragraph does not apply to Government-furnished material. The contractor shall reimburse the other U. S. Government contract for the repair and replacement of Government property used on this contract.

(f) Title. Title to all Government-furnished property remains vested with the Government. Upon completion or termination of this contract, the Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer a list of all property acquired under the contract during the contract period. The list shall describe each item, including the manufacturer, model number, date acquired, cost, and condition, and shall be submitted to the U. S. Government Property Analyst within 60 calendar days after completion or termination of the contract.
(g) Promotional Items. The contractor shall promptly identify to the Contracting Officer any promotional items (stand-alone or otherwise) received in conjunction with their purchases on behalf of the Government. Upon receipt and adjudication by the Government, the contractor shall follow the direction of the Contracting Officer with regard to the promotional items.
(h) Audits and Analyses. The U. S. Government shall audit/analyze the contractor's processes, controls, policies, accountability, and administration of Government property. The U. S. Government Property Analyst will perform such audits/analyses in accordance with the procedures in the U. S. Government Contract-Accountable Property Manual. Audit/analysis teams will be composed of property analysts and subject matter experts in contracting, logistics, accounting, and finance, and may include U. S. Government

(i) Reporting. The contractor shall submit quarterly reports in the method prescribed by the Government of all property accountable to this contract and in the possession of the contractor or subcontractors/vendors. Reports shall be submitted not later than 15 December, 15 March, 15 June, and 15 September, and cover the period up to the last day of the month preceding the reporting month. Each report must be submitted electronically, with full line-item detail uploaded into the CCD. Each item must include a data field containing the appropriate Program Code to identify the program under which the item was originally acquired, or to designate the item as "non-program." For each non-program item with a value of \$100,000 or more acquired or manufactured during the reporting period, the contractor must also upload an electronic copy of the invoice or other valuation documentation in accordance with Subpart C45.7101. Contractor quarterly reporting shall be considered an update to the Government Property List in Section J of the contract. The contractor shall submit a final report within 30 days after disposition of all contract accountable property. Changes to these reporting requirements, including changes in frequency, style, substance, and level of detail, may be made at any time during the performance of this contract at no change in contract value. Failure to provide required reporting may result in termination of this contract, suspension of payment by the Government until required reporting is received, or other action as deemed appropriate by the Contracting Officer.

(j) Special Test Equipment. The contractor must obtain Contracting Officer approval before acquiring or fabricating special test equipment at Government expense unless the equipment is itemized in this contract.

(k) Flowdown. The contractor shall include this clause in all subcontracts. When security issues preclude verbatim use of this clause, the contractor shall use a revised version which includes all the requirements of the original clause.